# Morning Oregonian.

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## EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

### Sleeping-Car Burned.

ROCHESTER, Feb 24.—The sleeping car [illegible] Harlem [illegible] and Mr [illegible] proprietor of the [illegible] [illegible] was [illegible] ported badly burned. The [illegible] upsetting [illegible] a broken rail.

TROY, N. Y., Feb 24.—[illegible] midnight near Wallinsford [illegible] the Harlem [illegible]. The train was [illegible] baggage car [illegible] were 20 passengers in the sleeping car [illegible] from the track by a broken rail [illegible] the embankment [illegible] aged 17 was in the centre [illegible] got out, but hearing the cries of his son went back to save him and both burned to death. The [illegible] remains were found. [illegible] other passengers were burned, but all more or less injured. Mr Frank Tierney, wife and three children were hurt. Mr H Cunningham of Troy was not hurt. Mr Pelham of Harford, was injured. Only one lady, Mrs Tierney, was slightly injured. The engine went five miles after doctors. All the injured are doing well. [illegible] from Montreal, name unknown, was slightly injured. Madam Prost of Philadelphia is slightly hurt.

### Reunion of the Army of the Potomac.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb 24.—The annual reunion of the Army of the Potomac will be held here June 6th.

### Installation of a Bishop.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 24.—The Rev. W. R. Nicholson is to be installed here this evening as Missionary Bishop of the Reformed Episcopal Church. Bishop Cheney of Illinois will preach the sermon.

### Banquet to Forney.

Arrangements have been completed by the newspapers of the city to tender a complimentary banquet to J. W. Forney on his return from Europe.

### Concert Tour in California.

NEW YORK, Feb 24.—Arrangements have been completed for a concert tour in California by P. S. Gilmore, accompanied by [illegible] performers, among whom are several artists of prominence. The visit to California will be in April, and preparations looking to one of the greatest musical successes ever known on the Pacific coast are actively making.

### Spirits Turpentine.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 24.—Spirits turpentine firm at 31½c.

### Woman's Suffrage.

DES MOINES, Feb 24.—A resolution providing for the woman's suffrage amendment to the constitution passed the House this afternoon by a vote of 54 to 40.

### Stage Line to the Black Hills.

SIOUX CITY, Feb 24.—John Gordon, who had the pioneer party of miners that built the stockade near Custer City in the winter of 1874 and 1875, leaves here to-morrow to establish stations for the Sioux City and Black Hills Transportation Stage Line from this place to the Black Hills. He will arrange for bridging on streams that cannot be easily forded, and establish ranches, and is expected to make the Hills and return inside of thirty days. Gordon will return to the Hills leaving here April 5th and pilot through all teams ready to leave at that time. A company of 40 men and their teams started to-day under Albert Collins, who has been over all the routes, as captain.

### Resumption of Specie Payments.

NEW YORK, Feb 24.—At a largely attended meeting of the chamber of commerce to-day resolutions were adopted in favor of the resumption of specie payments on Jan 1, 1879.

### Fires.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Feb 24.—A fire this morning destroyed the commission house of Stark & Co and several other business houses. The loss is $80,000; insurance, $15,000. A fire at Caseyville yesterday destroyed 21 houses.

### Counterfeit Railroad Bonds Discovered.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—One of the German banking houses has received a cable dispatch from Europe announcing that the police at Brussels had discovered counterfeit bonds of the N. Y. Central and California & Oregon R. R. Co's. It is presumed these bonds were forged by one of the noted forgers now in the Tombs, and were sent over to the other side either for sale or to borrow money on.

### Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Gold closed at 113[illegible]; money, 8½; governments, active and steady; stocks active and unsettled; Western Union 71⅝, Quicksilver, 18¼, Pacific Mail, 30¾, Mariposa 8¼, Wells Fargo, 87; New York Central, 1[illegible]¼, Erie 17, Panama, 130; Union Pacific, 58⅝, do bonds, 103, Central bonds, 106¾.

### Special Meeting of the New York Chamber of Commerce.

NEW YORK, Feb 24.—A special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held here this afternoon to consider the subject of national finances. The President, Samuel D Babcock, occupied the chair. There was a large attendance.

### Specie Shipment.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Specie shipments to-day [illegible],000, gold coin.

## WASHINGTON CITY.

### Minister Schenck.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The House committee on foreign affairs considered the report of the sub-committee on the correspondence furnished by the State Department, including communications from Minister Schenck, in which he says he invested in Emma mine stock, but it was a private speculation in which he cited precedents. He did not see how the transaction could concern the public. He was not ashamed of what he had done. At the suggestion of the President, however, owing to the scandal, he resigned as director of the company. The committee thoroughly discussed the subject in an animated manner, but reached no conclusion and adjourned until to-morrow. The committee was not satisfied with the character and extent of the documents furnished them, and suspecting that others are in the possession of the Secretary of State, they have invited him to appear before them to-morrow morning and bring with him such other papers as he may have on the subject.

### The Hawaiian Reciprocity Treaty.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—The committee of ways and means to-day, by a vote of six to four, agreed to report a bill to carry into effect the Hawaiian treaty. The yeas were Wood of New York, Hancock of Texas, Hill of Georgia, Blaine of Maine, Garfield of Ohio, and Burchard of Illinois. Nays—Morrison of Illinois, Kelly of Pennsylvania, Adams of Missouri, and Tucker of Virginia. Representative Chapin of Massachusetts had he been present would have voted aye.

### No Disagreement in the Cabinet.

Attorney General Pierrepont is quoted as authority for the statement that there is no foundation for the stories of troubles in the Cabinet. For his own satisfaction he has interviewed the President and has learned that he has at no time contemplated calling for Bristow's resignation as is stated. The ways and means committee will commence taking testimony regarding the Alaska seal fisheries in connection with the contract for taking seals.

### Protest from the Brewers.

Representative Banning presented to the committee on ways and means to-day the protest of the National Beer Brewers Association against the bill of the internal revenue bureau requiring the [illegible] to produce a barrel of beer from 2½ bushels of malt. The matter has been referred to a sub-committee.

### Disagreement of the President with the Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, Feb 24.—A prominent member of the cabinet authorizes the assertion that all the published reports of a serious disagreement between the President and any member of the cabinet are absolutely devoid of any foundation in fact, and it is stated upon the same authority that there has never been either at a recent date or at any time within many months the occurrence of any event in the cabinet session which could by any possible means be construed into an indication of bad feeling. These statements have been supported by many declarations to the effect that the Secretary of the Treasury will shortly retire from his present office, and furthermore that the trial of Gen. Babcock would be a signal for such action on the part of Bristow. There is [illegible] authority for the [illegible] and the cabinet officers say [illegible] have no effect whatever in disturbing the harmony of the cabinet.

## HUMOROUS.

Rushford Minn., has a ladies and gents' [illegible] ball.

The crusaders of Keokuk will soon commence street work.

An Atlanta thief sold a [illegible] bush at the low price of [illegible] cents.

Alligator teeth as trinkets give the Florida girls a toothsome aspect.

A Milwaukee man [illegible] erroneously and lives.

The Pittsburg *Leader* is [illegible] ously for poor people.

A Secretary [illegible] bonds and dresses [illegible]

People who take [illegible] lessons always [illegible] a good carriage.

An Ohio husband [illegible] "didn't meet any pull back."

Mrs Grant wore an apricot silk garnished with white lace at her last reception.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

### Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb 24.—Logan presented a petition of [illegible] asking that provisions of the act of June [illegible] be extended to include all who [illegible] at that [illegible] pension [illegible]; referred.

Morton presented a petition [illegible] women of Indiana and nearly [illegible] asking Congress to appoint a commission to investigate and report as to the effect of alcoholic [illegible] prohibit the importation of [illegible] liquors from foreign countries [illegible] prohibit the manufacture and sale of alcoholic liquors in the District of Columbia and Territories of the United States, and [illegible] military and naval [illegible] of the United States.

[illegible]

Morton said as his petition was signed by the mothers and wives of Indiana he wished to have it read, printed in the *Record* and referred to the committee on finance. So ordered. He also presented a petition of Robert Smalls of Charleston, asking compensation for the capture of the steamer *Planter* at Charleston in May, 1862; referred. Morton in presenting the petition said Smalls captured the steamer in Charleston harbor and delivered her to the officers commanding the U. S. squadron outside the harbor. It was a gallant achievement, and had he been an officer of the navy he would have received a large amount of prize money. As it was, he received but a very small sum. He hoped the committee on naval affairs would give the petition attention. Morton also presented the petition of 2000 citizens of Indiana and Kentucky in favor of aid to the Texas Pacific railroad; referred to the committee on railroads.

Sherman, from committee on finance, reported bills amendatory of the acts of July 14, 1870, and Jan. [illegible] authorizing the funding of the national debt; placed on the calendar.

The House bill to reorganize the judiciary of the United States was read by title and referred to the committee on judiciary.

Windom presented the memorial of the committee on the Judiciary. Windom presented the memorial of the committee appointed by the New York Cheap Transportation Association to call the attention of Congress to the various facts of cheap transportation; referred. In presenting the memorial Windom said the committee represented 1500 leading business men.

By Hamilton, to grant certain rights to the Central Texas and El Paso Railroad, and to provide for the continuous through line of the railroad between the cities of the lower Mississippi river and the Gulf of Mexico and the Pacific ocean; referred.

By Cragin, to provide for lines of cheap transportation upon interior waters, to restore the ocean carrying trade of the United States and for other purposes; referred.

By Booth, to restore certain lands in California to homestead and pre-emption settlement; referred to committee on military affairs.

Hamilton of Texas introduced a bill to grant certain rights to the Central Texas and El Paso Railroad company, and to provide for a continuous through line of railroad between the cities of the Lower Mississippi river and the Gulf of Mexico and the Pacific ocean; referred to committee on railroads. The bill provides that whenever Moses Taylor, Wm. E. Dodge, J. J. Cisco, Sam'l Sloan, Jno. Barnes, D. A. McWilliams, J. P. Lloyd and Henry G. Marquand of New York, Thos Allen and S. H. Laflin of Missouri and W. J. Hutchins, A. Gross[illegible], J. D. Giddings and others of Texas, or their successors, shall be created a body politic under the style of the Central Texas and El Paso Railroad Company, or become owners of an existing charter, they shall be authorized to build and maintain a railroad from the western terminus of any railroad now completed in Texas at San Antonio, Austin or Waco to El Paso and bridge the Rio Grande at any point within 25 miles of that place. The bill also provides that if by that time no California company has built a road to a point within 150 miles of the Rio Grande the above named parties be empowered to build westward to meet the California road and enjoy the Texas Pacific company's land grant for that portion of the line, but if the California company reaches the Rio Grande before these parties have constructed their road to a point 150 miles east of that river, the California company is to cross it and build eastward on the Texas and Pacific land grant to a junction.

Sargent submitted an amendment to the bill, under consideration during the morning hour, with regard to the restoration of certain persons to the pension rolls, so as to provide that no person shall be restored to the pension roll under the act, unless the commissioner of pensions is satisfied as to the identity of such persons; ordered printed.

The Senate then resumed consideration of the bill conferring exclusive jurisdiction over the Indian reservations upon U. S. courts and for the punishment of crimes committed by and against Indians, the pending question being on the amendment of Windom, providing that the provisions of this act shall not apply to that part of the Sioux reservation lying between the north and south forks of the Cheyenne river and east of the east line of Wyoming Territory. After a protracted debate upon the Black Hills question the amendment of Windom was rejected.

Windom moved that the bill be referred to the committee on Indian affairs.

After further discussion the motion of Windom to refer the bill to the committee on Indian affairs was agreed to.

Hitchcock, from the committee on territories, reported, without amendment, the House bill to amend the act of March 1875, to enable the people of Colorado to form a constitution and State government and for the admission of said State into the Union on an equal footing with the original States and asked for its immediate consideration. So ordered.

Withers called up the Senate bill to amend the act of February 14, 1871, granting pensions to certain soldiers and sailors of the war of 1812, and to the widows of deceased soldiers. Pending the discussion the morning hour expired and the bill was laid over.

A message was received from the House of Representatives announcing the action of that body in respect to the memory of the late M. H. Starkweather.

English submitted a resolution that the business of the Senate be suspended in order that the friends of the deceased might pay fitting tribute to his public and private virtues; agreed to.

Appropriate remarks on the life and character of the deceased were made by English, Dawes, Sargent and Eaton, and as further respect to his memory the Senate adjourned.

### House.

Speaker Kerr was in the chair to-day, apparently much improved in health, and warmly welcomed by members and officers of the House.

Jones of Kentucky, introduced a bill for the repeal of so much of the act of Dec. 17, 1872, as provides for a pivot draw in any bridge to be erected across the Ohio river between Covington and Cincinnati; referred.

Banning introduced a bill to promote the efficiency of the army, to provide for its gradual reduction and the consolidation of certain of its staff departments; referred. It reduces the number of cavalry regiments to eight and of infantry regiments to twenty-three, and provides that there shall not be any new enlistments until the number of enlisted men shall be reduced to 20,000; that regimental organizations of artillery shall be abolished, and that the artillery shall be hereafter known as the corps of artillery and shall consist of five batteries of light artillery and sixty batteries of heavy artillery. The officers of artillery shall consist of one chief of artillery with the rank of brigadier general, four colonels, six lieutenant colonels, twelve majors, sixty captains, 125 first lieutenants and sixty-five second lieutenants. It provides for an officers school for cavalry and infantry, and provides for [illegible] for general officers as follows: The general, three lieutenant generals two, major generals two each and brigadier generals one each. There are to be no new appointments and no promotions in the bureau of military justice or among the Judge Advocates. It merges the quartermaster's and subsistence departments into one organization to be known as the Department of Supplies, which is to consist of one chief with the rank of brigadier general, six colonels, ten lieutenant colonels, twenty-four majors, and [illegible] two captains.

By Cole, to equalize the settlement of all claims for damages sustained by reason of public improvements in the District of Columbia.

On motion of Fox, it was ordered that the session of Saturday be for debate only.

Buckner, chairman of the committee on the District of Columbia, offered a resolution authorizing the committee to employ experts in prosecuting its investigation into the affairs of the district; adopted.

Wood of New York, from the committee on ways and means, reported a bill carrying into effect the treaty recently made with the King of the Hawaiian Islands; made the special order for Thursday next.

The Speaker then proceeded as the business of the morning hour to call upon the committees for reports.

Luttrell, from the committee on mines and mining, reported a bill to exclude Missouri from the provisions of the act to promote the mining resources of the United States; passed.

Vance, from the committee on patents, reported back adversely the bill limiting the duration of patents; laid on the table. Also a bill to protect the records of the patent office. It provides that any officer who shall receive any money other than his salary for any work done shall be punishable by fine and imprisonment; passed.

Williams of Michigan, from the committee on public buildings and grounds, reported a bill authorizing the purchase of additional grounds for the custom house at Nashville. Passed.

Young, from the same committee, reported a bill to provide for the building of a custom house in Memphis. The bill limits the appropriation for the building to [illegible].

The recent death of Starkweather was announced by his colleague, Phelps, and speeches were made in eulogy of the deceased by Phelps, Hale and [illegible], after which resolutions of condolence and respect were adopted, and the House adjourned.

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The next session of the Linn county council P. of H., will be held at Scio on Monday, March 13, at 10 o'clock.

## THE BABCOCK TRIAL.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

### Dyer's Closing Speech.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. [illegible].—District Attorney Dyer commenced the closing argument in the Babcock case this morning. He referred to his conduct of the case since he assumed his office and entered upon the discharge of his duties as prosecutor of the whisky ring. He declared the idea that he had been [illegible] to the prosecution [illegible] any ill feeling [illegible] to hold the jury [illegible] the people to prosecute great wrongs. The case he characterized as a most remarkable one and the course of the defense as still more remarkable. He accused Judge Porter of trying to drag the President into the case needlessly [illegible] and said: The President's deposition is before the jury. He has [illegible] and I shall comment on his testimony as I would on that of any other witness, but when the [illegible] for a purpose of his own represents the President as on trial, I do not intend that the feeling which he has thus flaunted in my face shall be so [illegible]. As well might he have said the President was on trial when John McDonald was arraigned, or as well when any other of these conspirators were before the court. At some length Col Dyer attempted to show that this point was used by defense to influence Republicans on the jury, and then continued: I do not intend that the adroitness of the gentleman shall put me in an attitude of assailing the administration. I intend to bring this defendant from behind the back of the President, where they have tried to place him, and I intend that he shall stand on his own merits in this case and that they shall not wring a verdict from this jury by pretending that the President is on trial. When or by whom of the prosecution has the President been assailed? Col Brodhead has not done it in his argument. I did not in my opinion, and yet for an hour yesterday Judge Porter stood here and defended the President. Sensible and wise as they say Gen Grant is, he will not thank the gentleman for dragging him into this case in this manner. What motive should actuate me in attacking the President? There is no man on that jury, or within the sound of my voice, who does not know I am a Republican. Why should I insult Gen Grant? I voted in both the national conventions for his nomination for the Presidency and at the polls voted for his election. Nine months ago he signed the commission which entitles me to speak here to-day. But I don't intend that Gen Babcock, the private secretary of the President, shall escape because he is the private secretary. I would try him as I would try Bassett or McKee, McDonald or Joyce. The gentleman knows there is no malice in me towards the defendant. I never spoke to him before last October. But when I saw what was the evidence against him was I to smother it because I was a Republican and he was a Republican and the President's private secretary?

Dyer then drew a comparison between the manner in which the defense seemed to assail servants and underlings and the manner in which those in whose hands lay the removing power were protected.

Noticing Porter's remarks about the press and public clamor, he said: But what have you to do with that? They abuse the newspapers from one end of the land to the other, but what is that to you who are here to try this case on the evidence which has been presented to you.

Proceeding to his next point the district attorney said, It's an amusing defense Judge Porter makes. He starts out and applauds the President for an hour and then eulogizes Andy Johnson, who is dead and gone. He applauds Grant, thinking to strike some of you who are Republicans. He then turns round and applauds Andrew Johnson, thinking to please some of you who did not believe Johnson should be impeached. Now, I don't know from the speech of the gentleman from New York, whether he was for Grant or for Johnson. It reminds me of the old rythme I have heard all my life:

He wired in and wired out
Leaving the jury still in doubt,
Whether the low who made the track,
Was going north, or coming back.

Now I don't know what the gentleman thinks, but when the President reads what Col. Brodhead has said and when he reads what I said in my opening and finally, what the gentleman for the defense said he will not thank the gentleman for bringing him to the front in this prosecution and putting Gen. Babcock behind him as if unable to meet them.

### Judge Dillon's Charge.

ST. LOUIS, Feb 24.—The court was not opened to-day until 11 o'clock, the judges being engaged in finishing the charge to the jury. As soon as the roll of jurors was called Judge Dillon read the instructions which were very long, including in various groups the telegrams introduced in the evidence. Many of the letters were introduced and copious extracts from the President's deposition. At the outset Judge Dillon said that in all the propositions he had to make, he had the concurrence of his associate on the bench, Judge Treat. He explained to the jury the importance of the case and reasons which had made it necessary to keep them secluded. A high compliment was paid to counsel and management of the case on both sides. Approaching the issues Judge Dillon said two main questions arose—one as to the existence of a conspiracy and second as to the connection of the defendant with it. The first question required little attention as the argument of counsel on both sides seemed to accept the existence of conspiracy as proven. The second question—the connection of the defendant with the conspiracy—was taken up. The jury were cautioned at some length to be on their guard against the influence of popular clamor. They were also reminded that the government owed a duty to its citizens, as well as to its revenue and it lay in the province of the jury to acquit as well as to convict. The prosecution had presented no evidence to show the defendant had ever declared his connection with conspiracy, or had written a direct admission of this connection. The law, however, did not require this. It was a case of circumstantial evidence. It was right for them to consider the motives of the defendant. The government alleged as the only motive that of pecuniary gain. The evidence of Everest, who mailed the letter in which he thought Joyce put a $500 bill, and the evidence of McGill, who testified to taking from the letter box a similar letter and returning it to Joyce was considered, and the question of credibility left to the jury. The telegrams, letters and portions of the President's deposition bearing on the death of Collector Ford and the appointment of his successor, were read. The two questions the court considered arose on the successorship of Ford. First whether the defendant sought to influence the President on the successorship, and second whether he did this in the interest of the conspiracy having knowledge of that conspiracy. Judge Dillon then read all the dispatches of the spring of 1874 relating to Joyce's visit to San Francisco, and Commissioner Douglass' appointment of other revenue agents to go out of their districts; also numerous letters from Joyce, Babcock, Hogue and Brooks and lengthy extracts from the President's deposition arranged in chronological order and interspersed with comments on them. Most of the dispatches relating to the transfer of supervisors and the revocation of the order to transfer them were also given a notice. Passing to general views of the case and the evidence, he spoke as follows: Various classes of dispatches have been laid before you, some to defendant and some from him, some between confessed conspirators not referring to defendant and unaccompanied by proof that he knew of them, and other dispatches between revenue officers and agents of the government. Dispatches between other persons than the defendant are no evidence to show his connection with conspiracy unless brought home to him. They were admitted to show the nature and purpose of the plan, and operations of the conspiracy. Guilt cannot be fixed upon any person by the declarations or statements oral or written of others. Guilt must certainly originate within a man's own breast and it must be established by his own acts, conduct or admissions. Hence in determining the question of defendant's guilt so far as it is sought to be shown by the dispatches primary reference must be had to the dispatches to and from defendant and especially such dispatches as he is shown to have [illegible] and acted upon. If the dispatches [illegible] knew of the [illegible] conspiracy [illegible] fellow conspirators [illegible] among themselves or to others sent for the purpose of promoting the conspiracy become evidence against the defendant but not otherwise. What weight is to be given to dispatches not shown to have been acted on by the defendant must depend among other considerations on whether an answer was called for, or not, and upon his associations with the persons sending the same, what they import on their face and whether he knew that the senders were engaged in the [illegible]. For it must be [illegible] that under well established rules of law, the [illegible] declarations of persons other than the defendant are not evidence against him [illegible] any can be legally established by what others did in his absence and without his knowledge and [illegible] the jury that the confessed conspirators [illegible] visits of the agents of the [illegible] essential [illegible] part of the time [illegible] bureau of Washington [illegible] the frequent visits of McDonald and Joyce to the city at times when [illegible] agents [illegible] the [illegible] prosecution [illegible] from Washington [illegible] conspiracy [illegible] visit [illegible] the jury [illegible] each witness [illegible] accomplices are competent witnesses that means that parties have [illegible] sworn. It also implies that when sworn [illegible] still [illegible] competent witnesses and under the legal [illegible] accomplices may be [illegible]. The testimony of conspirators is always to be [illegible] and weighed and [illegible] with great care by the jury, who should not [illegible] upon it unsupported unless it produces in the mind the [illegible] conviction of its truth. [illegible] belongs the duty of weighing the evidence and determining the credibility of the witnesses. With that the court has absolutely nothing to do. The defendant has produced an impressive array of witnesses of the highest character to testify to the character of the defendant. This is a [illegible] to be weighed and considered by the jury and in the light of which they should view all the evidence, and determine the question of his innocence or guilt of the crime charged against him in the indictment. If the evidence [illegible] together with the [illegible] innocence or guilt, the law requires the jury to give to the accused the benefit of the doubt and acquit the former. It is not sufficient in a criminal case to justify a verdict of guilty that there may be strong suspicions or even strong probability of guilt, or as in some cases a preponderance of evidence in favor of the truth of the charge against the defendant. But what the law requires is proof by legal and credible evidence of such a nature that when it is all considered by the jury, giving to it its natural effect, they feel, after they have weighed and considered it, a clear, undoubting and entirely satisfactory conviction of the defendant's guilt. This and this only is required. If this is proved the jury should convict, but if not they should acquit. We trust, gentlemen, it is unnecessary to remind you that neither personal feelings nor outside views should have the slightest influence upon your minds as jurors. Thus we commit this case with all its issues to your decision, and may the good Father of us all give you the light to see and the grace to discharge your duty.

### Babcock Not Guilty.

At 25 minutes past 7 the jury sent word they had found a verdict and were immediately ushered into the court. On taking their seats the foreman handed the verdict to the clerk, who read it as follows: We the jury find the defendant not guilty. Some demonstration in favor of the defendant was made, but it was quickly stopped. There was a general hand shaking, however, and Gen. Babcock crossed over to the jury and most heartily and feelingly shook the hands of each juryman and thanked them kindly for the verdict.

The general and his friends left the court for their hotel. On reaching the street the party was heartily cheered by the great crowd congregated in front of the custom house, and almost everybody seemed well pleased with the result.

## PLYMOUTH ADVISORY COUNCIL.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

NEW YORK, Feb 23.—The morning session of the Plymouth Church Advisory Council was almost entirely taken up by the discussion of the report of the committee of nine appointed to frame the final report of the Council. The conclusions on the first five questions are all in favor of the action of Plymouth Church and these were discussed at length, the addresses of the delegates being for the most part an expression of their feelings in relation to the questions and cases to which they relate. Rev. Lyman Abbott, chairman of the business committee, reported adversely to the resolutions offered by the Rev. Dr. Bell that the council declare Mr. Beecher innocent of the charges preferred against him and the report was adopted. Dr. Bell, in a personal explanation, said he thought it was only proper that the community at large should know the feelings of eminent members of the council, and for that reason he had offered the resolution. The delegates brought up the question of giving news to the press, and Dr. Bell admitted he had acted in that capacity both in ecclesiastical and legislative secret sessions and was of opinion that he could discriminate as to what should, or should not be given out. He was not responsible for the detailed reports in newspapers.

The night session commenced at 8 o'clock. The galleries were filled and there was scarcely room for the council in the aisle, so many people came who had to be accommodated. All Beecher's family were in the church and all the noteworthy people of the congregation, and Horatio C. King and Rev Mr Halliday were busy procuring front seats for distinguished visitors.

Shortly before 8 o'clock Mr. Beecher ascended the platform. Mr. Beecher simply said, speaking very rapidly: I wish to renew my request that every friend of mine in this audience at every part of this session and on reading of every document and on the enunciation of every result will keep silence, so that it may be read with [illegible] and quietness. Any man that claps his hands would knock me down and any man that would cheer I think must be a man that would open his mouth against me. [illegible] the congregation which I really expect are a well bred and decent people, to regard my importunity and let this meeting be far more quiet than an ordinary Sabbath morning. I take this opportunity before the council comes in of making this request to you.

Then a burst of harmony arose from the organ and the council filed in by two separate doors and the choir rose and sang a triumphant hymn.

### Another Scandal Contribution.

NEW YORK, Feb 24.—Oliver Johnson appears to-day with another scandal contribution made necessary to explain another published private and confidential letter this time written to Theodore Tilton, June 1, 1874. In this letter Johnson said: "My dear Theodore: Let me as an old friend whose heart is wrung by your terrible suffering and sorrow tell you you can never have true peace of mind till you conquer yourself and dismiss all purpose and thought of injuring the man who has wronged you. Of all the promises your lips can frame none are so sacred as those we make to those who have injured us and whom we have professed to forgive and they are sacred just in proportion as their violation would work injury to those to whom they are made. [illegible] too black by the wrongs you have suffered."

Oliver Johnson writes now in explanation of the above and of his desire to restrain Tilton from making the exposé. [illegible] of Beecher's innocence or any sort of crime I knew there were circumstances which if disclosed would cast suspicion upon him and subject him to a great deal of annoyance and pain. I knew also Tilton's own life would not bear scrutiny for he had confessed his adulteries to me in the circumstances. For his (Tilton's) sake quite as much as Beecher's and not less for the sake of his wife and children I avoided exciting him by telling him I no longer believed his main accusation was true. I even pleaded with him at times on the seeming admission that his provocation was black as he said it was. I dealt with him as I would a man partially deranged.

### The Text of Bowen's Statement Withheld.

NEW YORK, Feb 24.—The Brooklyn *Eagle* says Mr Bowen declines to give the text of the statement to the newspapers and Plymouth church committee say they will not. The *Eagle* reporters called upon Bowen and the members of the committee to-day, but they were all dumb. The substance of the statement, however, has been ascertained. Mr Bowen does not claim to have any knowledge of guilt on Beecher's part. He says he believes him guilty because of what he has heard from divers parties. The only names mentioned by him are Mr and Mrs Richard, who he says told him that Mrs Tilton confessed to them and [illegible] told him he says that in 1864 she saw Mr Beecher enter in a suspicious manner the study of Plymouth church with a woman whose name he declines to give. His informant did not say she knew adultery was committed there, but she believes there was. The third and chief case of [illegible] Bowen was that of a woman who he says told him she had been twice outraged by Mr Beecher and that subsequently [illegible] she remained [illegible] intimate with him. Who this woman was, where the alleged outrages took place, or when they took place, are facts which Mr Bowen declined, he cannot be induced to tell. Apart from these three cases the statement is devoted to a defense of Bowen's behavior towards Beecher and the public since he became convinced of Beecher's guilt.

Henry C. Bowen [illegible]

## ATLANTIC CABLE.

### The Turkish Ultimatum.

VIENNA, Feb. [illegible]

[illegible]

### Strathclyde Inquest.

[illegible]

### Carlist War.

[illegible]

### [illegible]

[illegible]

### Burmese Embassy.

NAPLES, Feb. 24.—The Burmese embassy has arrived here and brings several presents for Victor Emanuel.

### Bank of England.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—The bullion in the Bank of England increased £[illegible],000 during the past week. The amount of bullion gone into bank on balance to-day is £25,000. Proportion of bank reserve to liabilities [illegible] per cent.

### Bank of France.

PARIS, Feb. 24.—The specie increased [illegible] francs during the past week.

### Business Failure.

LIVERPOOL, Feb 24.—C. F. & A. D. Dixon, merchants, have failed. Liabilities are reported at [illegible],000. Assets believed to be good. They were large holders of the National S. S. Co's shares and the latter declined to-day from 11 to 5 and 8½ per cent.

### Speculation on the Illness of the Sultan.

LONDON, Feb 24.—The *Times* has a letter from Pera commenting on the Sultan's recent indisposition. The writer says the most ominous rumors were spread about as to the gravity of the Padishah's illness and speculation was afloat as to what the people might be looking forward to should affairs come to the worst. The Sultan's scheme about altering the order of succession to the throne seems to have been abandoned and the heir is not the Sultan's eldest son but his brother.

### Suez Canal in the House of Commons.

LONDON, Feb 24.—In the House of Commons this evening the Marquis of Hartington asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer a question relating to the Suez Canal shares. In reply Sir Stafford Northcote stated that Stokes and M. De Lesseps were negotiating in relation to a modification of the Suez canal dues. The new modifications could not operate until they were approved by the Khedive and the Sublime Porte and the maritime powers interested. The negotiations were progressing very satisfactorily, and Stokes would soon return to England. It would be inconvenient to the government to enter into further details.

### Carlist War.

MADRID, Feb. 24.—A great battle is considered imminent.

The French authorities have arrested Vinalet, the Carlist minister of war and interned him at Bayonne.

The Alfonsists have captured the material of the *Cuartel Real*, the Carlist official journal, and also the machinery for coining Carlist money.

### Freshets in Prussia.

BERLIN, Feb 24.—The thaw has caused the rivers to rise throughout the country and the freshets are particularly severe in Saxony and Silesia. The water has burst the dykes near Madgeburg, Kalbe and Wittenburg and half of the district of Barby, 100 miles from Madgeburg, is submerged. Great distress is apprehended. Several railway accidents have occurred in consequence of the washing away of embankments. The banks of the Vistula are inundated for miles, near Pless, and many families are homeless.

The Danube has been rising all day. At 9 o'clock to-night the water was seven metres above the ordinary level. Several quarters of Pesth and Buda are submerged. A distillery undermined by the current fell to-night crushing 11 persons.

Comorn is completely inundated, and hundreds of people have been driven from their homes.

### MacMahon Accepts the Result.

PARIS, Feb 23.—*Le Francaise*, a semi official journal, referring to the recent assertion that President MacMahon is disposed to resist the verdict of the country says: MacMahon is the last person in the world who would engage precipitately in a conflict. None but Bonapartists can desire such an occurrence, but nothing warrants them in putting forth their wishes as facts. Bonapartist organs offer to save France for the third time and boast that the men of their party are the only supporters of MacMahon.

## PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

### CALIFORNIA.

#### San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb 24, 1876.

Ophir 63¾, Mexican 25¼, Gould & Curry 21¼, Best & Belcher 62¼, Savage 17¼, Chollar 95, Hale & Norcross 48¼, Crown Point 21¼, Yellow Jacket 97, Kentuck 14¼, Imperial 8¼, Empire 5, Daney 75, Julia 14¼, Belcher 37¼, California 89¾, Con Virginia 480, Sierra Nevada 22¼, Bullion 49, Exchequer 14¼, Alpha 25¼, Overman 67¼, Justice 25, Succor 22, Union 10¼, Confidence 19¼, Caledonia 56.

EVENING BOARD.—Valley 3¼, R & E 20¼, Eu Con 14¼, Ad Hill 1, Jackson 2¼, Alps 4¼, Leopard 9¼, Belmont 4, Eldo S 1¼, Jefferson 5, Gila 1¼, Panther 3, Tiger 40, N Belle 35, Hussey 7c, Gen Thomas 7, Manhattan 10, Mansfield 62c, Advance 9, Coso Con 65c, S Chariot 50c, Emp Idaho 50c, G Chariot 2, Knickerbocker 3¼, Baltimore 4¼, Utah 16¼, S Hill 10¼, Challenge 5, Dayton 8, R Island 4, N Y Con 11, Occidental 4, A Flat 2¼, P Sheridan 1, Alta 2¼, Woodville 2¼, Bug Caledonia 1¼, L Washington 3¼, Kossuth 4¼, Andes 3¼, W Fargo 1, Niagara 50c, Leviathan 1¼, Prospect 5¼, Maryland 75c, Columbia 4, Morning Star 4, Monumental 1¼, West Belcher 2¼, Trojan 1.

Greenbacks—88; buying, 88¾ selling.

#### Bank Robbery.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 24.—A few days ago the Kern Valley Bank at Bakersville was robbed of about $25,000. The cashier was found gagged and insensible in the office in the morning. Detectives from this city have been working up the case, and have arrested the cashier, charging him with complicity in the robbery.

#### Indications of Another Storm.

STOCKTON, Feb 24.—The weather became clouded this morning and at 3 P M it commenced raining hard. The indications are in favor of another storm.

#### Gale.

CHICO, Feb 24.—It has been blowing a gale all day and raining this afternoon. The prospects are of another big storm.

#### Surrendered Himself.

COLUSA, Feb 24.—Edward Harris surrendered himself to Justice Baker for examination for killing Thomas Cox. He was sent to jail. The report says he acted in self defense.

#### Another Storm Coming.

Another big storm is coming. It has been raining all the afternoon.

#### Weather.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 24.—Cloudy all day; about 1 P. M. began raining, no signs of clearing up.

#### New Pacific Mail Steamers.

The Pacific Mail Company is said to have contracted for three new iron steamers for the China fleet, to be built entirely of American material, midway in size between the *City of San Francisco* and the *City of Tokio*.

## THE TERRITORIES.

F M Scaggin, of Newnan, Georgia, wants the address of C. Mater, living near the base of the Blue Mountains, Walla Walla valley.

The House committee on Territories have agreed to report favorably on an appropriation of $20,000 to defray the expenses of the Constitutional Convention now being held in Colorado; also, a bill to change the law requiring a voter to reside twenty-two months in the Territory to six months.

The Idaho *World* office has recently had a centennial shake up, from an avalanche of snow, sliding a distance of forty-five or fifty feet and lighting on the printing office. The *World* thus describes the effect produced: The *World* building seemed to jump from its foundation; the two hand presses that have stood side by side for years pranced about like a horse with the blind staggers, which so disgusted old Washington and Franklin, who have been looking at each other from opposite sides with cast iron indifference ever since the presses were made, that George lowered his dignity long enough to reach over and punch Ben in the left ear, while Ben, in defense of these centennial times, struck back. But before the old chaps could clinch the presses settled to their old positions again and order was restored. The job presses and types played queer pranks too and the printers took to their heels and sought the open air, while the "devil" counted his beads and crossed himself, thinking chaos had come again.

During the recent excursion of Texan editors an intelligent compositor at Chicago [illegible] whose paper is called the Marlin *Mooney Ball* is the conductor of the *Mooney Ball*. The other went [illegible] the office to ask the intelligent compositor to come out and take a horn, but the intelligent compositor had taken down his coat and sold his string within ten minutes after the paper appeared.

The yeomen of Linn are [illegible] peeding the plow the best they know how.

## POLITICAL GOSSIP.

[Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 2[illegible].—The most striking feature of the political situation here now is the recognition on all sides of how much depends upon one man as manifest in the apprehension on the one side and the decidedly wrought-up expectation on the other of

WHAT WILL BLAINE DO.

Almost as common as "What's the news?" is becoming the query, "What is Blaine at now?" or, "What will Blaine do next?" The Democratic caucusing of late so assiduously kept up is, more than to any other cause, due to what Blaine did in routing the entire Democratic majority in the amnesty debate. They are yet busy accounting for the disaster that befell them from his attack single-handed and from their discomfited theorizing over it perhaps down to the latest generation they will still be explaining it, as the worshippers of the first Napoleon do in accounting for Waterloo, by solemnly declaring that it was the hand of destiny that did it. In all their caucusing, too, the object seems quite as much to guard against what Blaine may do as it is to discover the long-lost principles of the great Democratic party. He is the awful warning of the Democratic statesmen, the leaders among whom are believed to quiet the raw untamed in the Democratic infant class by reminding them of what Blaine did and what Blaine may do.

On the Republican side there is scarce a less eager expectancy as to what Blaine is going to do. He makes no confidants, but forms his own plans, and these, it is felt, are liable to prove quite as much a surprise to the Republicans as to the Democrats. Not, however, because of any apprehension that he may blunder. Instead, since the awakening of the country by the amnesty debate, there is an

ALMOST UNBOUNDED CONFIDENCE IN HIS POLITICAL SAGACITY—

So much so that, as a prominent Republican committed to another candidate for the Presidency remarked, "If Blaine merely rose in his seat and moved an adjournment, everybody would detect something occult in it, and declare it was the most brilliant thing ever done upon the floor." So they wait for him to take the initiative, prepared to follow, not so much from enthusiasm for him as innate conviction that with quicker, keener foresight than any body else, he will be first to perceive what to do, and the time for doing it. "He does not lead," said one of the oldest and shrewdest politicians here, "as did Thad Stevens, by whipping in his following. They follow Blaine, not because they are afraid of him, but because, somehow, they feel that they would perpetrate an almost irretrievable blunder if they didn't follow him." His position, if it does not make him master of the situation, is full of opportunity. If, as some of his critics assert, he is only smart, it is full of peril, while, if he half equals the expectations of his admirers, he will distance all competitors in the race for the Presidency. So it is that he is now the center of observation here in political circles. So it is that, in canvassing the nomination at Cincinnati—which is what engages the working hours of every able-bodied male citizen of the District, and what he dreams about of nights—everybody makes his calculations subject to the contingency of what Blaine may do—tacitly admitting the while that Blaine is very liable to

SMASH ALL THE SLATES.

He looks surcharged with tremendous nervous energy, so irresistibly impelling him that the steam brakes couldn't slow him down to 300 revolutions per minute. When there is nothing to work it off, it seems to effervesce in boyish exuberance of spirits; or he darts hither and thither across the hall, up and down the aisles, or through the lobby, with incessant activity. His habitual air is that of a man intent upon overtaking to-morrow, and driving ahead at such tremendous speed that nobody would be surprised if he did it. Physically he is a splendid type of manhood, of commanding stature, straight as a Maine pine, broad shouldered, and of stalwart muscular frame, a trifle stout, but with step quick as a boy's, and every movement as free and supple as that of a trained athlete. He has a full, high forehead, large, keen, observant eyes; nose slightly aquiline, and of the sort that adds to the look of push-aheaditiveness that is imprinted on his every feature. His short-cropped beard, which half conceals his lower face, gives him an air of military precision. In speech he is rapid, but distinct in utterance, and clear cut in expression; makes no apparent attempt at rhetorical graces, but is forcible, pungent, and at times strikingly eloquent, while always terse and pointed, and marvelously quick at repartee, and when most intense, is most master of himself, and thoroughly self-poised. He does not seek occasion to speak, but, as often as he takes the floor, letter writing and conversation cease, and everybody listens, for it is expected he will say something, which expectation he has thus far been very far from disappointing at this session. He is

BENDING EVERY ENERGY TO THE RACE FOR THE PRESIDENCY,

And such are the great strides he is making, that it is tacitly admitted here, generally, that, if he holds out as he began, he must succeed. But the more cautious knowingly predict that he began too soon. Certain it is that he hasn't waited for anybody to get the start of him. Practically, he has thus far, unaided, made the canvass for himself, while the great majority of politicians here and hereabouts have coolly waited and are waiting for him to spend himself in the effort, or to make such headway that will demonstrate that he has gone in to win, when his following will be vast indeed. He is not exactly a pleasant man for anybody to hasten to antagonize, as General Butler and Roscoe Conkling perhaps could testify, and leading politicians are exceedingly wary in expressing themselves as to his candidacy, but it is significant that since the amnesty debate, there is very much less remark about the impossibility of taking the nomination from the West, and especially since letters have begun to pour in here from Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota and elsewhere in the West. A prominent member from Ohio, whose name I am not at liberty to give, and who, at the outset, did not hesitate to say that Blaine, in opening the amnesty debate, made a grave mistake, said to me the other day: "I am surprised at the way in which Blaine has stirred up the party in Ohio. I am receiving letters by the dozen from leading Republicans there indorsing Blaine as the man to head the ticket this fall, and numbers of them are from the very district in which Gov. Hayes resides. Not a few of them have suggested Blaine and Hayes as the ticket, and I am beginning to think that would be entirely acceptable to our people. Being an Ohio man, of course Hayes is my first choice, but I don't know but that now I'd be satisfied with Hayes for the second place on the ticket." The general feeling, however guardedly expressed, is to the effect that Blaine has suddenly brought himself to the front among Presidential aspirants, but that it will require tremendous efforts for him to

OVERCOME THE CLAIMS OF THE WEST

For the candidate, and that unless he can follow up the beginning he has made with no less masterly moves he will fail, which is why his every move is watched with such keen interest. His position gives him full opportunity, if he be equal to it, to win the prize; and in political circles they wait to see how it will develop.

## LAURA BRIDGEMAN.

DR. HOWE'S SUCCESSFUL EFFORTS TO EDUCATE HER.

The Boston *Traveler* has the following interesting statements concerning Miss Laura Bridgeman:

In a village in the mountains of New Hampshire the late Dr Samuel G. Howe found the subject of this sketch, then six years old, blind, deaf, dumb and nearly destitute of the sense of taste, scarlet fever having deprived her of these gifts. She was thus excluded from all the beauties of God in nature, and seemed little better than a piece of marble chiseled in human form and that form containing a flickering spark of an immortal soul. Her father was a well to do farmer and her mother a woman of much intelligence, who gladly consented to place her little daughter in care of Dr Howe. Accordingly she was brought to Boston, and a process of instruction immediately commenced. She was first taught to use her hands and to acquire a command of her muscles and limbs, and afterwards by means of a pen and pin, to distinguish two articles by arbitrary signs. Then from monosyllables she learned all the letters of the alphabet, and how to arrange them to represent objects. She soon acquired a knowledge of numerals, punctuation, &c, and then she gained the power of expressing thought, the names of things, &c. The next process taught her was to recognize the same signs in embossed types. She worked with great eagerness, thus rewarding the watchful care of her devoted teacher.

Miss Bridgeman is now in her 46th year, and between her home and the Perkins Institution she has passed her time thus far. She is tall, slight, graceful in form and motion, wears green bands across her eyes, is very demonstrative, and her face at times radiates with emotion. She dresses with great care—more to please her friends than herself—and takes pride in showing her gold watch and other feminine ornamentations. She is quite expert in crocheting and plain needlework, and takes much delight in assisting one of the teachers in the sewing department. A few days ago she was at work with perhaps a dozen of the pupils, turning the hems of napkins, and threading needles with her fingers and teeth. She exhibited some of her hemming with as much pride as a soldier bearing a trophy from a battle field. A lady, on the occasion referred to, made a purchase from her of a crochet mat, and with clear articulation Miss Bridgeman repeated the word "money" twice. She can utter intelligibly the name of a teacher, and such words as baby, &c. She forms words with a lead pencil, by the aid of a French writing-board. This latter article has grooved lines about an eighth of an inch deep, an inch or so apart, running transversely across the pasteboard. She takes her paper and presses it into the groves, thus making depressions which can be felt by the pencil point, and when slightly pressed leaves a letter mark. In furnishing her autograph she writes above her name a Scripture text. On being asked if she realized the meaning of the quotation, "The Lord is my Shepherd," she replied "fully." On learning that her questioner had been a Sabbath-school teacher for eighteen years, she clasped her hands with delight and made an attempt, in a rapturous manner, to speak, giving forth a lurid-like sound. Miss Bridgeman, after the death of her father, was selfishly deprived of the little property he left for herself and her mother, and she continued to earn a little money by the use of her needle. She, however, possesses the interest of a bequest of $2,000 from the Loring fund. Yesterday this lady was feeling acutely the death of the noble man who brought out her imprisoned spirit from chaos. She is a living monument of his devotion, patience, hope, waiting, watching, and giving of eyes to the blind and language to the dumb lips. The Emperor of Prussia sent Dr. Howe a gold medal for his marvelous achievement in educating Laura Bridgeman. The attention of the European world was first drawn to Miss Bridgeman's most extraordinary case through Charles Dickens' Notes, in which a very full account was given, and a deserved eulogium passed upon Dr. Howe."

## OREGON.

There are 74 scholars in the writing school at Forest Grove.

Polk county has lately been connected to Marion county by a wire ferry at Buena Vista.

Mr Mahan, of Middleton, while standing up and driving his team the other day, slipped and fell, striking his left side on the edge of the wagon-bed, laying him up for several days.

A religious revival has been in progress for a week at the Jackson school house, Washington county, under the conduct of the United Brethren church, with a large number of conversions.

The Albany *Democrat* says: "Judge J. C. Avery of Corvallis, is not expected to live. Mrs Helm, his daughter, was on Monday summoned by telegraph to the bedside of her afflicted father, and we learn from Mr. Helm that his recovery is almost despaired of."

The February session of the Linn county council, P. of H., convened at Knox Butte on the 14th inst. The attendance was not large, owing to the muddy condition of the roads. The subject of flax culture was discussed at some length, and will receive still further attention from that body.

A private dispatch says St Louis has been selected as the place for holding the Democratic National Convention. It is singular that the fact should not have been mentioned in the press dispatches.

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# Morning Oregonian.

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## EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

### Sleeping-Car Burned

[illegible] Feb 2[illegible] The sleeping car [illegible] Eastern Railroad [illegible] proprietor of the [illegible] House, Chicago, and [illegible] others [illegible] Also an [illegible] was badly burned [illegible] the car.

[illegible], N. Y. [illegible] passengers [illegible] know that [illegible] midnight near [illegible] The [illegible] was [illegible] sleeper. There [illegible] passengers in the [illegible] from the track [illegible] Mr. Frees [illegible] aged 17, was [illegible] but hearing the cries of his son went back [illegible] and both burned to death. The burned remains were found. Other passengers were burned, but all more or less injured. Mr. Francis Tierney, wife and three children were hurt. Rev. H. Cunningham of Troy was [illegible] but [illegible] Mr. Pellion of Stamford was injured. Only one lady, Mrs. Tierney, was slightly injured. Both the conductors were uninjured. The engine went five miles after. All the injured are doing well. One gentleman from Montreal name unknown was slightly injured. Madam Peort of Philadelphia is slightly hurt.

### Reunion of the Army of the Potomac.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb 24—The annual reunion of the Army of the Potomac will be held here June 6th.

### Installation of a Bishop

PHILADELPHIA, Feb 24—The Rev. W. R. Nicholson is to be installed here this evening as Missionary Bishop of the Reformed Episcopal church. Bishop Cheney of Illinois will preach the sermon.

### Banquet to Forney.

Arrangements have been completed by the newspapers of the city to tender a complimentary banquet to J. W. Forney on his return from Europe.

### Concert Tour in California.

NEW YORK, Feb 24.—Arrangements have been completed for a concert tour in California by P. S. Gilmore, accompanied by 80 performers, among whom are several artists of prominence. The visit to California will be in April, and preparations looking to one of the greatest musical successes ever known on the Pacific coast are actively making.

### Spirits Turpentine.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb 24—Spirits turpentine firm at 31½c.

### Woman's Suffrage.

DES MOINES, Feb 24—A resolution providing for the woman's suffrage amendment to the constitution passed the House this afternoon by a vote of [illegible] to 40.

### Stage Line to the Black Hills.

SIOUX CITY Feb 24.—John Gordon who had the charge of the party of miners that built the stockade near Custer City in the winter of 1874 and 1875 leaves here to-morrow to establish stations for the Sioux City and Black Hills Transportation Stage Line from this place to the Black Hills. He will arrange for bridging all streams that cannot be easily forded, and establish ranches, and is expected to make the Hills and return inside of thirty days. Gordon will return to the Hills, leaving here April 5th and pilot through all teams ready to leave at that time. A company of 40 men and their teams started to-day under Albert Collins, who has been over all the route, as captain.

### Resumption of Specie Payments.

NEW YORK, Feb 24.—At a largely attended meeting of the chamber of commerce to-day resolutions were adopted in favor of the resumption of specie payments on Jan 1, 1879.

### Fires.

[illegible], Ind. Feb 24—A fire this morning destroyed the commission house of Stark & Co and several other business houses. The loss is $15,000; insurance, $13,000. A fire at Caseyville yesterday destroyed 21 houses.

### Counterfeit Railroad Bonds Discovered.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—One of the German banking houses has received a cable dispatch from Europe announcing that the police at Brussels had discovered counterfeit bonds of the N. Y. Central and California & Oregon R. R. Co's. It is presumed these bonds were issued by one of the noted forgers now in the Tombs, and were sent over to the other side either for sale or to borrow money on.

### Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Gold closed at 113⅞@114; money, 3½; governments, active and steady; stocks [illegible] and unsettled; Western Union 71¼, Quicksilver 18¾, Pacific Mail, 31½, Mariposa 8¼, Wells Fargo, 87, New York Central, 101½, Erie 17½, Panama 124; Union Pacific, 68⅞, do bonds, 105¼, Central bonds, 108⅞.

### Special Meeting of the New York Chamber of Commerce.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24—A special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held here this afternoon to consider the subject of national finances. President Samuel D. Babcock occupied the chair. There was a large attendance.

### Specie Shipment.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Specie shipments to-day, $[illegible],000, gold coin.

## WASHINGTON CITY.

### Minister Schenck.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24—The House committee on foreign affairs considered the report of the sub-committee on the correspondence furnished by the State Department, including communications from Minister Schenck, in which he says he invested in the mine stock, but it was a private speculation in which he cited precedents. He did not see how the transaction could concern the public. He was ashamed of what he had done. At the suggestion of the President, however, owing to the scandal he resigned as director of the company. The committee thoroughly discussed the subject in an animated manner, but reached no conclusion and adjourned until to-morrow.

The committee was not satisfied with the character and extent of the documents furnished them, and suspecting that others are in the possession of the Secretary of State, they have invited him to appear before them to-morrow morning and bring with him such other papers as he may have on the subject.

### The Hawaiian Reciprocity Treaty.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—The committee of ways and means to-day, by a vote of six to four, agreed to report a bill to carry into effect the Hawaiian treaty. The yeas were Wood of New York, Hancock of Texas, Hill of Georgia, Blaine of Maine, [illegible] of Ohio, and Burchard of Illinois. Nays, [illegible] of Illinois, Kelly of Pennsylvania, [illegible] of Missouri, and Tucker of Virginia. Representative Chapin of Massachusetts had he been present would have voted aye.

### No Disagreement in the Cabinet.

[illegible] General Pierrepont is quoted as authority for the statement that there is no foundation for the rumors of troubles in the Cabinet. For his own satisfaction he has interviewed the President and has learned that he has at no time contemplated calling for Bristow's resignation as is stated. The ways and means committee will commence taking testimony regarding the Alaska seal fisheries in connection with the contract for taking seals.

### Protest from the Brewers.

Representative Banning presented to the committee on ways and means to-day the protest of the National Beer Brewers Association against the order of the internal revenue bureau requiring the brewers to produce a barrel of beer from [illegible] bushels of malt. The matter has been referred to a sub-committee.

### Disagreement of the President with the Cabinet

WASHINGTON, Feb 24—A prominent member of the Cabinet authorizes the assertion that all the published reports of a serious disagreement between the President and any member of the cabinet are absolutely devoid of any foundation in fact, and it is stated upon the same authority that there has never been either of recent date or at any time within many months the occurrence of an incident in the cabinet session which could by any possible means be construed into an indication of ill feeling. These statements have been supplemented by many declarations to the effect that the Secretary of the Treasury will shortly retire from his present office and, furthermore, that the acquittal of Gen. Babcock would [illegible] such action on the part of Bristow. There is [illegible] authority for the [illegible] and the [illegible] can have no effect whatever [illegible] harmony of the cabinet.

## HUMOROUS

[illegible], Minn. has a ladies' art [illegible] ball.

The crusaders of Keokuk will soon [illegible] street work.

Atlanta [illegible] the price of [illegible]

Alligator teeth as trinkets give [illegible] a toothsome aspect.

[illegible] Milwaukee man [illegible] erroneously [illegible]

The Pittsburg Leader [illegible] ridiculously for poor [illegible]

Secretary Chandler [illegible] bonds and dresses [illegible]

People who [illegible] a good carriage [illegible]

[illegible] Ohio bonds [illegible] didn't meet any [illegible] back.

Mrs. Grant wore an apricot silk garnished with white lace at her last reception.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

### Senate

WASHINGTON, Feb. [illegible] Logan presented petitions of [illegible] asking that [illegible] referred.

Morton presented a petition [illegible] women of Indiana [illegible] asking Congress to appoint a commission to investigate [illegible] the effect of alcoholic liquor traffic [illegible] to prohibit the importation of alcoholic liquors from foreign countries [illegible] the manufacture and sale of alcoholic liquors in the District of Columbia and [illegible] of the United States [illegible]

Morton said his petition was signed by the [illegible] He would ask to have it read, printed in the Record and referred to the committee on finance. So ordered. He also presented a petition of Robert Small of Charleston asking compensation for the capture of the steamer Planter at Charleston in May 186[illegible]. Morton in presenting the petition said Small captured the steamer in Charleston harbor and delivered her to the officers commanding the U. S. squadron outside the harbor. It was a gallant achievement, and had he been an officer of the navy he would have received a large amount of prize money. As it was he received but a very small sum. He hoped the committee on naval affairs would give the petition attention. Morton also presented the petition of 2000 citizens of Indiana and Kentucky in favor of aid to the Texas Pacific railroad; referred to the committee on railroads.

Sherman from committee on finance reported [illegible] amendatory of the acts of July 14, 1870 and January [illegible] authorizing the funding of the national debt [illegible] placed on the calendar.

The House bill to reorganize the judiciary of the United States was read by title and referred to the committee on judiciary.

Windom presented the memorial of the committee on the judiciary. Windom presented the memorial of the committee appointed by the New York Cheap Transportation Association to call the attention of Congress to the various lines of cheap transportation; referred. In presenting the memorial Windom said the committee represented 1,000 leading business men.

By Hamilton, to grant certain rights to the Central Texas and El Paso Railroad, and to provide for the continuous through line of the railroad between the cities of the lower Mississippi river and the Gulf of Mexico and the Pacific ocean; referred.

By Cragin, to provide for lines of cheap transportation upon interior waters, to restore the ocean carrying trade of the United States and for other purposes; referred.

By Booth, to restore certain lands in California to homestead and pre-emption settlement; referred to committee on military affairs.

Hamilton of Texas, introduced a bill to grant certain rights to the Central Texas and El Paso Railroad Company, and to provide for a continuous through line of railroad between the cities of the Lower Mississippi river and the Gulf of Mexico and the Pacific ocean; referred to committee on railroads. The bill provides that whenever Moses Taylor, Wm. E. Dodge, J. J. Cisco, Sam'l Sloan, Jno. Bartes, D. A. McWilliams, J. P. Lloyd and Henry G. Marquand of New York, Thos. Allen and S. H. Lathrop of Missouri and W. J. Hutchins, A. Groesbeck, J. D. Giddings and others of Texas or their successors, shall be created a body politic under the style of the Central Texas and El Paso Railroad Company, or become owners of an existing charter, they shall be authorized to build and maintain a railroad from the western terminus of any railroad now completed in Texas at San Antonio, Austin or Waco to El Paso, and bridge the Rio Grande at any point within 25 miles of that place. The bill also provides that if by that time no California company has built a road to a point within 150 miles of the Rio Grande the above named parties be empowered to build westward to meet the California road and enjoy the Texas Pacific company's land grant for that portion of the line, but if the California company reaches the Rio Grande before these parties have constructed their road to a point 150 miles east of that river, the California company is to cross it and build eastward on the Texas and Pacific land grant to a junction.

Sargent submitted an amendment to the bill under consideration during the morning hour, with regard to the restoration of certain persons to the pension rolls, so as to provide that no person shall be restored to the pension roll under the act, unless the commissioner of pensions is satisfied as to the identity of such persons; ordered printed.

The Senate then resumed consideration of the bill conferring exclusive jurisdiction over the Indian reservations upon U. S. courts, and for the punishment of crimes committed by and against Indians, the pending question being on the amendment of Windom, providing that the provisions of this act shall not apply to that part of the Sioux reservation lying between the north and south forks of the Cheyenne river and east of the east line of Wyoming Territory. After a protracted debate upon the Black Hills question the amendment of Windom was rejected.

Windom moved that the bill be referred to the committee on Indian affairs.

After further discussion the motion of Windom to refer the bill to the committee on Indian affairs was agreed to.

Hitchcock, from the committee on territories, reported, without amendment, the House bill to amend the act of March, 1875, to enable the people of Colorado to form a constitution and State government and for the admission of said State into the Union on an equal footing with the original States, and asked for its immediate consideration; so ordered.

Withers called up the Senate bill to amend the act of February 14, 1871, granting pensions to certain soldiers and sailors of the war of 1812, and to the widows of deceased soldiers. Pending the discussion the morning hour expired, and the bill was laid over.

A message was received from the House of Representatives announcing the action of that body in respect to the memory of the late H. H. Starkweather.

English submitted a resolution that the business of the Senate be suspended in order that the friends of the deceased might pay fitting tribute to his public and private virtues; agreed to.

Appropriate remarks on the life and character of the deceased were made by English, Dawes, Sargent and Eaton, and as further respect to his memory the Senate adjourned.

### House

Speaker Kerr was in the chair to-day, apparently much improved in health, and warmly welcomed by members and officers of the House.

Jones of Kentucky, introduced a bill for the repeal of so much of the act of Dec. 17, 1872, as provides for a pivot draw in any bridge to be erected across the Ohio river between Covington and Cincinnati; referred.

Banning introduced a bill to promote the efficiency of the army, to provide for its gradual reduction and the consolidation of certain of its staff departments; referred. It reduces the number of cavalry regiments to eight and of infantry regiments to twenty-three, and provides that there shall not be any new enlistments until the number of enlisted men shall be reduced to 20,000; that regimental organizations of artillery shall be abolished, and that the artillery shall be hereafter known as the corps of artillery and shall consist of five batteries of light artillery and sixty batteries of heavy artillery. The officers of artillery shall consist of one chief of artillery with the rank of brigadier general, four colonels, six lieutenant colonels, twelve majors, sixty captains, 125 first lieutenants and sixty-five second lieutenants. It provides for an officers' school for cavalry and infantry and provides for aides-de-camp for general officers as follows: The general three, lieutenant generals two, major generals two each, and brigadier generals one each. There are to be no new appointments and no promotions in the bureau of military justice or among the Judge Advocates. It merges the quartermaster's and subsistence departments into one organization to be known as the Department of Supplies, which is to consist of one chief with the rank of brigadier general, six colonels, [illegible] lieutenant colonels, twenty-four majors, and [illegible] captains.

By [illegible], to equalize the settlement of all claims for damages sustained by reason of public improvements in the District of Columbia.

[illegible] it was ordered that the session of Saturday be for debate only.

By King, chairman of the committee on the District of Columbia, a resolution authorizing the committee to employ experts in prosecuting its investigation into the affairs of the district; adopted.

Wood of New York, from the committee on ways and means, reported a bill carrying into effect the treaty recently made with the King of the Hawaiian Islands; made the special order for [illegible] day [illegible].

The speaker then proceeded [illegible] business of [illegible] calling upon the committees for reports.

[illegible] from the committee on mines and mining, reported a bill to exclude Missouri from the provisions of the act to promote the mining resources of the United States; passed.

Vance from the committee on patents, reported back adversely the bill limiting the duration of patents; laid on the table. Also a bill to protect the records of the patent office. It provides that any officer who shall receive any money, other than his salary, for any work done shall be punishable by fine and imprisonment; passed.

Williams of Michigan, from the committee on public buildings and grounds, reported a bill [illegible] for the purchase of additional grounds for the custom house at Nashville. Passed.

[illegible] from the same committee reported a bill [illegible] appropriation for the [illegible]

The recent death of Starkweather was announced [illegible] eulogies and speeches were made [illegible] after which resolutions of condolence and respect were adopted and the House adjourned.

The next session of the Linn county council, P. of H., will be held at S[illegible] on Monday, March 13, at 10 o'clock.

## THE BABCOCK TRIAL.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

### Dyer's Closing Speech.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. [illegible] District Attorney Dyer commenced the closing argument [illegible] the conduct of the [illegible] upon the discharge of his duties as prosecutor of the whisky ring. He disclaimed the idea that he had [illegible] the prosecution was [illegible] without [illegible] The [illegible] remarkable [illegible] He accused Judge Porter of trying to drag the President [illegible] and said: "The President's deposition has been [illegible] I shall comment on it [illegible] represents the President as on trial. I don't mind that [illegible] as well might he have said the President was on trial when John McDonald was on trial, or as well when any other of these conspirators were before the court." At some length Col. Dyer attempted to show that this point was [illegible] by defense to influence Republicans on the jury, and then continued: "I don't intend that the adroitness of the gentleman shall put me in an attitude of assailing the administration. I intend to bring this defendant from behind the back of the President, where they have tried to place him, and I intend that he shall stand on his own merits in this case, and that they shall not wring a verdict from this jury by pretending that the President is on trial. When or by whom of the prosecution has the President been assailed? Col. Broadhead has not done it by his argument. I did not in my opinion, and yet for an hour yesterday Judge Porter stood here and defended the President. Sensible and wise as they say Gen. Grant is, he will not thank the gentleman for dragging him into this case in this manner. What motive should actuate me in attacking the President? There is no man on that jury, or within the sound of my voice, who does not know I am a Republican. Why should I insult Gen. Grant? I voted in both the national conventions for his nomination for the Presidency, and at the polls voted for his election. Nine months ago he signed the commission which entitles me to speak here to-day. But I don't intend that Gen. Babcock, the private secretary of the President, shall escape because he is the private secretary. I would try him as I would try Bassett or McCall, McDonald or Joyce. The gentleman knows there is no malice in me towards the defendant. I never spoke to him before last October. But when I saw what was the evidence against him was I to smother it because I was a Republican and he was a Republican and the President's private secretary?"

Dyer then drew a comparison between the manner in which the defense seemed to assail servants and underlings, and the manner in which those in whose hands lay the removing power were protected.

Noticing Porter's remarks about the press and public clamor he said: "But what have you to do with that? They abuse the newspapers from one end of the land to the other, but what is that to you who are here to try this case on the evidence which has been presented to you?"

Proceeding to his next point the district attorney said: "It's an amusing defense Judge Porter makes. He starts out and applauds the President for an hour and then eulogizes Andy Johnson, who is dead and gone. He applauds Grant, thinking to strike some of you who are Republicans. He then turns round and applauds Andrew Johnson, thinking to please some of you who did not believe Johnson should be impeached. Now, I don't know from the speech of the gentleman from New York whether he was for Grant or for Johnson. It reminds me of the old rhyme I have heard all my life:

He wired in and wired out,
Leaving the jury still in doubt
Whether the law, who made the track,
Was going north, or coming back.

Now I don't know what the gentleman thinks, but when the President reads what Col. Broadhead has said, and when he reads what I said in my opening, and finally, what the gentleman for the defense said, he will not thank the gentlemen for bringing him to the front in this prosecution, and pulling Gen. Babcock behind him as if unable to meet them."

### Judge Dillon's Charge.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 24.—The court was not opened to-day until 11 o'clock, the judges being engaged in drafting the charge to the jury. As soon as the roll of jurors was called Judge Dillon read the instructions which were very long, including in various groups the telegrams introduced in the evidence. Many of the letters were introduced and copious extracts from the President's deposition. At the outset Judge Dillon said that in all the propositions he had to make, he had the concurrence of his associate on the bench, Judge Treat. He explained to the jury the importance of the case and reasons which had made it necessary to keep them isolated. A high compliment was paid to counsel and management of the case on both sides. Approaching the issues, Judge Dillon said two main questions arose—one as to the existence of a conspiracy, and second as to the connection of the defendant with it. The first question required little attention, as the argument of counsel on both sides seemed to accept the existence of conspiracy as proven. The second question—the connection of the defendant with the conspiracy—was taken up. The jury were cautioned at some length to be on their guard against the influence of popular clamor. They were also reminded that the government owed a duty to its citizens as well as to its revenue, and it lay in the province of the jury to acquit as well as to convict. The prosecution had presented no evidence to show the defendant had ever declared his connection with conspiracy, or had written a direct admission of this connection. The law, however, did not require this. It was a case of circumstantial evidence. It was right for them to consider the motives of the defendant. The government alleged as the only motive that of pecuniary gain. The evidence of Everest, who mailed the letter in which he thought Joyce put a $500 bill, and the evidence of McGill, who testified to taking from the letter box a similar letter and returning it to Joyce, was considered, and the question of credibility left to the jury. The telegrams, letters and portions of the President's deposition bearing on the death of Collector Ford and the appointment of his successor, were read. The two questions the court considered arose on the successorship of Ford: first, whether the defendant sought to influence the President on the successorship, and second, whether he did this in the interest of the conspiracy, having knowledge of that conspiracy. Judge Dillon then read all the dispatches of the spring of 1874 relating to Joyce's visit to San Francisco, and Commissioner Douglass' appointment of other revenue agents to go out of their districts; also numerous letters from Joyce, Babcock, Hogan and Brooks and lengthy extracts from the President's deposition, arranged in chronological order and interspersed with comments on them. Most of the dispatches relating to the transfer of supervisors and the revocation of the order to transfer them were also given in full. Passing to general views of the case and the evidence he spoke as follows: "Various classes of dispatches have been laid before you, some to and from defendant, and some from him, some between confessed conspirators not referring to defendant, and unaccompanied by proof that he knew of them, and other dispatches between revenue officers and agents of the government. Dispatches between other persons than the defendant are no evidence to show his connection with conspiracy unless brought home to him. They were admitted to show the nature and purpose of the plan and operations of the conspiracy. Guilt cannot be fixed upon any person by the declarations or statements, oral or written, of others. Guilt must certainly originate within a man's own breast, and it must be established by his own acts, conduct or admissions. Hence in determining the question of defendant's guilt, so far as it is sought to be shown by the dispatches, primary reference must be had to the dispatches to and from defendant, and especially such dispatches as it is shown to have [illegible] the conspiracy [illegible] What weight is to be given to dispatches not shown to have been acted on by the defendant must depend among other considerations on [illegible] accomplices are competent witnesses [illegible] that [illegible] sworn [illegible] the evidence of conspirators [illegible] duty of weighing the evidence and determining the credibility of the witnesses. With that the court has absolutely nothing to do. [illegible] the defendant has produced [illegible] testimony of witnesses of the highest character [illegible] the defendant [illegible] If the evidence [illegible] the jury to give to the accused the benefit of the doubt [illegible] strong suspicion [illegible] probability of guilt [illegible] against the defendant. But what the law requires is not [illegible] legal and competent evidence [illegible] that when it is all considered by the jury, giving to it its natural effect, they find, when they have weighed it all conscientiously, a clear and satisfactory conviction of the defendant's guilt. If this is proved the jury should convict, but if not they should acquit. We trust, gentlemen, it is unnecessary to remind you that neither partisan feelings nor outside views should have the slightest influence upon your minds as jurors. Thus we commit this case with all its issues to your decision, and may the great Father of us all give you the light to see and the grace to discharge your duty."

### Babcock Not Guilty.

At 25 minutes past [illegible] the jury sent word they had found a verdict and were immediately ushered into the court. On taking their seats [illegible] handed the verdict to the clerk, who read it as follows: "We the jury find the defendant not guilty." Some demonstration in favor of the defendant was made, but it was quickly stopped. There was a general hand-shaking, however, and in turn Babcock crossed over to the jury and most feelingly shook the hands of each juryman and thanked them kindly for the verdict.

The general and his friends left the court for their hotel. On reaching the street the party was heartily cheered by the great crowd congregated in front of the custom house, and almost everybody seemed well pleased with the result.

## PLYMOUTH ADVISORY COUNCIL.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

NEW YORK, Feb 23—The morning session of the Plymouth Church Advisory Council was almost entirely taken up by the discussion of the report of the committee of nine appointed to frame the final report of the Council. The conclusions on the first five questions are all in favor of the action of Plymouth church, and these were discussed at length, the addresses of the delegates being for the most part an expression of their feelings in relation to the questions and cases to which they relate. Rev. Lyman Abbott, chairman of the business committee, reported adversely to the resolutions offered by the Rev. Dr. Bell, but the council declare Mr. Beecher innocent of the charges preferred against him, and the report was adopted. Dr. Bell, in a personal explanation, said he thought it was only proper that the community at large should know the feelings of eminent members of the council, and for that reason he had offered the resolution. The delegates brought up the question of giving news to the press, and Dr. Bell admitted he had acted in that capacity both in ecclesiastical and legislative secret sessions, and was of opinion that he could discriminate as to what should, or should not be given out. He was not responsible for the detailed reports in newspapers.

The night session commenced at 8 o'clock. The galleries were filled and there was scarcely room for the council in the aisle, so many people came who had to be accommodated. All Beecher's family were in the church and all the noteworthy people of the congregation, and Horatio King and Rev. Mr. Ball[illegible] were busy providing front seats for distinguished visitors.

Shortly before 8 o'clock Mr. Beecher ascended the platform. Mr. Beecher simply said, speaking very rapidly: "I wish to renew my request that every friend of mine in this audience at every part of this session and on reading of every document, and on the enunciation of every result will keep silence, so that it may be said [illegible]. Any man that claps his hands would knock me down, and any man that would cheer I think must be a man that would open his mouth again [illegible]. I beseech the congregation, which I really expect are a well bred and decent people, to regard the importunity and let this meeting be far more quiet than an ordinary Sabbath meeting. I take this opportunity to have the council come in [illegible] making this request to you."

Then a burst of harmony arose from the organ and the council filed in by two separate doors, and the choir rose and sang a triumphant hymn.

### Another Scandal Contribution.

NEW YORK, Feb 24—Oliver Johnson appears to-day with another scandal contribution, made necessary to explain another published private and confidential letter, this time written to Theodore Tilton, June 4, 1871. In this letter Johnson said: "My dear Theodore: Let me as an old friend whose heart is wrung by your terrible suffering and sorrow tell you you can never have true peace of mind till you conquer yourself and dismiss all purpose and thought of injuring the man who has wronged you. Of all the promises your lips can frame, none are so sacred as those we make to those who have injured us and whom we have professed to forgive, and they are sacred just in proportion as their violation would work ruin to those to whom they are made. You [illegible] too black [illegible]"

Oliver Johnson writes now in explanation of the above and of his desire to restrain Tilton from making the exposé: "[illegible] of Beecher's [illegible] of any sort of crime I knew there were circumstances which [illegible] cast suspicion upon him and subject him to a great deal of annoyance and pain. I knew also Tilton's own life would not bear scrutiny, for he had confessed his adulteries to me. In the circumstances, for his (Tilton's) sake quite as much as Beecher's, and not less for the sake of his wife and children, I avoided exciting him by telling him I no longer believed his main accusation was true. I even pleaded with him at times on the seeming admission that his provocation was as black as he said it was. I dealt with him as I would with a man partially deranged."

### The Text of Bowen's Statement Withheld.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24—The Brooklyn Eagle says Mr. Bowen declines to give the text of his statement to the newspapers, as the Plymouth church committee say they will not. The Eagle reporter called upon Bowen and the members of the committee to-day, but they were all mum. The substance of the statement however has been circulated. Mr. Bowen does not claim to have any knowledge of guilt on Beecher's part. He says he believes him guilty because of what he has heard from divers parties. The only names mentioned by him are Mr. and Mrs. Richard, who he said told him that Mrs. Tilton confessed to them, and another woman whose name he declines to give, who says that in 1866 she saw Mr. Beecher enter in a suspicious manner the study of Plymouth church with a woman whose name he also declines to give. His informant did not say she knew adultery was committed there, but she believed there was. The third and chief case cited by Bowen was that of a woman who he says told him she had been twice outraged by Mr. Beecher, and that subsequently [illegible] she remained improperly intimate with him. Who this woman was, where the alleged outrages took place, or when they took place, are facts which Mr. Bowen declared he cannot be induced to disclose. Apart from these three cases the statement is devoted to a defense of Bowen's behavior towards Beecher and the public [illegible] of Beecher [illegible]

Henry C. Bowen [illegible]

## ATLANTIC CABLE.

### The Turkish [illegible]

VIENNA, Feb. [illegible]

### [illegible] Inquest

[illegible]

### Carlist War.

[illegible]

### Dufaure.

PARIS, Feb. [illegible] Dufaure [illegible] minister of agriculture and commerce [illegible]

### Burmese Embassy.

NAPLES, Feb. 24—The Burmese embassy has arrived here and brings several presents for Victor Emanuel.

### Bank of England.

LONDON, Feb. 24—The bullion in the Bank of England increased £[illegible] during the past week. The amount of bullion gone into bank on balance to-day is £27,000. Proportion of bank reserve to liabilities 4[illegible] per cent.

### Bank of France.

PARIS, Feb. 24—The specie increased [illegible] francs during the past week.

### Business Failure.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 24—C. F. & A. Dixon, merchants, have failed. Liabilities are reported at £[illegible]. Assets believed to be good. They were large holders of the National [illegible] shares, and the latter declined to-day from [illegible] to [illegible].

### Speculation on the Illness of the Sultan.

LONDON, Feb. 24—The Times has a letter from Pera commenting on the Sultan's recent indisposition. The writer says the most ominous rumors were spread abroad as to the gravity of the Padishah's illness and speculation was afloat as to what the people might be looking forward to should affairs come to the worst. The Sultan's scheme about altering the order of succession to the throne seems to have been abandoned, and the heir is not the Sultan's eldest son but his brother.

### Suez Canal in the House of Commons.

LONDON, Feb. 24—In the House of Commons this evening the Marquis of Hartington asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer a question relating to the Suez canal shares. In reply Sir Stafford Northcote said that Stokes and M. De Lesseps were negotiating in relation to a modification of the Suez canal dues. The new modifications could not operate until they were approved by the Khedive and the Sublime Porte and the maritime powers interested. The negotiations were progressing very satisfactorily, and Stokes would soon return to England. It would be inconvenient to the government to enter into further details.

### Carlist War.

MADRID, Feb. 24—A great battle is considered imminent.

The French authorities have arrested Vilodet, the Carlist minister of war, and interned him at Bayonne.

The Alfonsists have captured the material of the Cuartel Real, the Carlist official journal, and also the machinery for coining Carlist money.

### Freshets in Prussia.

BERLIN, Feb. 24—The thaw has caused the rivers to rise throughout the country, and the freshets are particularly severe in Saxony and Silesia. The water has burst the dykes near Magdeburg, Kalbe and Wittenberg, and half of the district of Barby, 16 miles from Magdeburg, is submerged. Great distress is apprehended. Several railway accidents have occurred in consequence of the washing away of embankments. The banks of the Vistula are inundated for miles near Pless, and many families are homeless.

The Danube has been rising all day. At 9 o'clock to-night the water was seven metres above the ordinary level. Several quarters of Pesth and Buda are submerged. A distillery undermined by the current fell to-night, crushing 11 persons.

Gomorne is completely inundated, and hundreds of people have been driven from their homes.

### MacMahon Accepts the Result.

PARIS, Feb. 23—Le Français, a semi-official journal, referring to the recent assertion that President MacMahon is disposed to resist the verdict of the country, says: "MacMahon is the last person in the world who would engage precipitately in a conflict. None but Bonapartists can desire such an occurrence, but nothing warrants them in putting forth their wishes as facts. Bonapartist organs offer to save France for the third time, and boast that the men of their party are the only supporters of MacMahon."

## PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

### CALIFORNIA.

### San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 24, 1876.

Ophir 65⅞, Mexican 25¼, Gould & Curry 21⅞, Best & Belcher 62⅝, Savage 17¼, Chollar 95, Hale & Norcross 18¼, Crown Point 24¼, Yellow Jacket 97, Kentuck 14¼, Imperial 8⅛, Empire 5, Daney 7⅛, Julia 1⅛, Belcher 37⅝, California 80⅞, Con. Virginia 430, Sierra Nevada 22⅞, Bullion 49, Exchequer 14⅛, Alpha 25⅛, Overman 67⅛, Justice 25, Succor 2⅞, Union 10¼, Confidence 19⅛, Caledonia 56.

EVENING BOARD—Valley 3½, R. A. E. 20½, Ea Con 14½, Alf Hill 1, Jackson 2½, Alps 4¾, Leopard 9½, Belmont ½, Eldo S 1½, Jefferson 5, Gila 1½, Panther 3, Tiger 40c, N Belle 45, Hussey 75c, Gen Thomas 7, Manhattan 10½, Mansfield 52c, Advance 9, Cons Con 65c, S Chariot 50c, Emp Idaho 40c, G Chariot 2, Knickerbocker 5½, Baltimore 3½, Utah 16½, S Hill 10½, Challenge 5, Dayton 8, R Island 4, N Y Con 1½, Occidental 4, A Flat 2½, P Sheridan 1, Alta 2½, Woodville 2½, Seg Caledonia 1½, L Washington 3½, Kossuth 1½, Andes 3½, W Fargo 4, Niagara 50c, Leviathan 1½, Prospect 5½, Maryland 75c, Columbia ½, Morning Star 4, Monumental 1½, West Belcher 2½, Trojan 1.

Greenbacks—88¼ buying, 88⅞ selling.

### Bank Robbery.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 24.—A few days ago the Kern Valley Bank at Bakersville was robbed of about $15,000. The cashier was found gagged and insensible in the office in the morning. Detectives from this city have been working up the case, and have arrested the cashier, charging him with complicity in the robbery.

### Indications of Another Storm.

STOCKTON, Feb. 24.—The weather became clouded this morning and at 11 P. M. it commenced raining hard. The indications are in favor of another storm.

### Gale.

CHICO, Feb. 24.—It has been blowing a gale all day and raining this afternoon. The prospects are of another big storm.

### Surrendered Himself.

COLUSA, Feb. 24.—Edward Harris surrendered himself to Justice Baker for examination for killing Thomas Cox. He was sent to jail. The report says he acted in self defense.

### Another Storm Coming.

Another big storm is coming. It has been raining all the afternoon.

### Weather.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 24.—Cloudy all day; about 1 P. M. began raining; no signs of clearing up.

### New Pacific Mail Steamers.

The Pacific Mail Company is said to have contracted for three new iron steamers for the China fleet, to be built entirely of American material, midway in size between the *City of San Francisco* and the *City of Tokio*.

## THE TERRITORIES.

F. M. Scoggin, of Newnan, Georgia, wants the address of C. Maier, living near the base of the Blue Mountains, Walla Walla valley.

The House committee on Territories have agreed to report favorably on an appropriation of $20,000 to defray the expenses of the constitutional convention now being held in Colorado; also, a bill to change the law requiring a voter to reside twenty-two months in the Territory to six months.

The Idaho *World* office has recently had a centennial shake-up, from an avalanche of snow, sliding a distance of forty-five or fifty feet and lighting on the printing office roof. Jud. thus describes the effect produced: The *World* building seemed to jump from its foundation. The two hand presses that have stood side by side for years pranced about like a horse with the blind staggers, while a disgusted old Washington and Franklin, who have been looking at each other from opposite sides with cast-iron indifference ever since the presses were made, that George lowered his dignity long enough to reach over and punch Ben in the left ear, while Ben in defense of these centennial times struck back. But before the old chaps could climb the presses settled to their old positions again, and order was restored. The job presses and types played queer pranks too, and the printers took to their heels and sought the open air, while the "devil" counted his beads and crossed himself, thinking chaos had come again.

During the recent excursion of Texan editors an intelligent compositor at Chicago alluded to one of their number, whose paper is called the Marlin *Woman Ball*, as the conductor of the *Woman Ball*. The editor went round to the office to ask the intelligent compositor to come out and take a horn, but the intelligent compositor had taken down his coat and [illegible] his string within ten minutes after the paper appeared.

The yeomen of Linn are "speeding the plow" the best they know how.

## POLITICAL GOSSIP

Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 2[illegible].—The most striking feature of the political situation here now is the recognition on all sides of how much depends upon one man, as manifest in the apprehension on the one side and the decidedly wrought-up expectation on the other of

WHAT WILL BLAINE DO.

Almost as common as "What's the news?" is becoming the query, "What is Blaine at now?" or, "What will Blaine do next?" The Democratic caucusing of late so assiduously kept up is, more than to any other cause, due to what Blaine did in routing the entire Democratic majority in the amnesty debate. They are yet busy accounting for the disaster that befell them from his attack single-handed, and from their discomfited theorizing over it perhaps down to the latest generation they will still be explaining it, as the worshippers of the first Napoleon do in accounting for Waterloo, by solemnly declaring that it was the hand of destiny that did it. In all their caucusing, too, the object seems quite as much to guard against what Blaine may do as it is to discover the long-lost principles of the great Democratic party. He is the awful warning of the Democratic statesmen, the leaders among whom are believed to quiet the rage inflamed in the Democratic infant class by reminding them of what Blaine did and what Blaine may do.

On the Republican side there is scarce a less eager expectancy as to what Blaine is going to do. He makes no confidants, but forms his own plans, and these, it is felt, are liable to prove quite as much a surprise to the Republicans as to the Democrats. Not, however, because of any apprehension that he may blunder. Instead, since the awakening of the country by the amnesty debate, there is an

ALMOST UNBOUNDED CONFIDENCE IN HIS POLITICAL SAGACITY—

So much so that, as a prominent Republican, committed to another candidate for the Presidency, remarked, "If Blaine merely rose in his seat and moved an adjournment, everybody would detect something occult in it, and conclude it was the most brilliant thing ever done upon the floor." So they wait for him to take the initiative, prepared to follow, not so much from enthusiasm for him as innate conviction that, with quicker, keener foresight than any body else, he will be first to perceive what to do, and the time for doing it. "He does not lead," said one of the oldest and shrewdest politicians here, "as did Thad Stevens, by whipping in his following. They follow Blaine, not because they are afraid of him, but because, somehow, they feel that they would perpetrate an almost irretrievable blunder if they didn't follow him." His position, if it does not make him master of the situation, is full of opportunity. If, as some of his critics assert, he is only smart, it is full of peril; while, if he half equals the expectations of his admirers, he will distance all competitors in the race for the Presidency. So it is that he is now the center of observation here in political circles. So it is that, in canvassing the nomination at Cincinnati—which is what engages the working hours of every able-bodied male citizen of the District, and what he dreams about of nights—everybody makes his calculations subject to the contingency of what Blaine may do—tacitly admitting the while that Blaine is very liable to

SMASH ALL THE SLATES.

He looks surcharged with tremendous nervous energy, so irresistibly impelling him that the steam brakes couldn't slow him down to 300 revolutions per minute. When there is nothing to work it off, it seems to effervesce in boyish exuberance of spirits, or he darts hither and thither across the hall, up and down the aisles, or through the lobby, with incessant activity. His habitual air is that of a man intent upon overtaking to-morrow, and driving ahead at such tremendous speed that nobody would be surprised if he did it. Physically he is a splendid type of manhood; of commanding stature, straight as a Maine pine, broad shouldered, and of stalwart, muscular frame, a trifle stout, but with step quick as a boy's, and every movement as free and supple as that of a trained athlete. He has a full, high forehead; large, keen, observant eyes; nose slightly aquiline, and of the sort that adds to the look of push-aheaditiveness that is imprinted on his every feature. His short-cropped beard, which half conceals his lower face, gives him an air of military precision. In speech he is rapid, but distinct in utterance, and clear cut in expression, makes no apparent attempt at rhetorical graces, but is forcible, pungent, and at times stirringly eloquent, while always terse and pointed, and marvelously quick at repartee, and, when most intense, is most master of himself, and thoroughly self-poised. He does not seek occasion to speak, but, as often as he takes the floor, letter writing and conversation cease, and everybody listens, for it is expected he will say something, which expectation he has thus far been very far from disappointing at this session. He is

BENDING EVERY ENERGY TO THE RACE FOR THE PRESIDENCY,

And such are the great strides he is making, that it is tacitly admitted here, generally, that, if he holds out as he began, he must succeed. But the more cautious knowingly predict that he began too soon. Certain it is that he hasn't waited for anybody to get the start of him. Practically, he has thus far, unaided, made the canvass for himself, while the great majority of politicians here and hereabouts have coolly waited and are waiting for him to spend himself in the effort, or to make such headway that will demonstrate that he is going in to win, when his following will be vast indeed. He is not exactly a pleasant man for anybody to hasten to antagonize, as General Butler and Roscoe Conkling perhaps could testify, and leading politicians are exceedingly wary in expressing themselves as to his candidacy; but it is significant that since the amnesty debate, there is very much less remark about the impossibility of taking the nomination from the West, and especially since letters have begun to pour in here from Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota and elsewhere in the West. A prominent member from Ohio, whose name I am not at liberty to give, and who, at the outset, did not hesitate to say that Blaine, in opening the amnesty debate, made a grave mistake, said to me the other day: "I am surprised at the way in which Blaine has stirred up the party in Ohio. I am receiving letters by the dozen from leading Republicans there, indorsing Blaine as the man to head the ticket this fall, and numbers of them are from the very district in which Gov. Hayes resides. Not a few of them have suggested Blaine and Hayes as the ticket, and I am beginning to think that would be entirely acceptable to our people. Being an Ohio man, of course Hayes is my first choice, but I don't know but that now I'd be satisfied with Hayes for the second place on the ticket." The general feeling, however guardedly expressed, is to the effect that Blaine has suddenly brought himself to the front among Presidential aspirants, but that it will require tremendous efforts for him to

OVERCOME THE CLAIM OF THE WEST

for the candidate, and that, unless he can follow up the beginning he has made with no less masterly moves, he will fail, which is why his every move is watched with such keen interest. His position gives him full opportunity, if he be equal to it, to win the prize, and in political circles they wait to see how he will develop.

## LAURA BRIDGEMAN

[illegible] DR. HOWE'S SUCCESSFUL EFFORTS TO EDUCATE HER.

The Boston *Traveller* has the following interesting statements concerning Miss Laura Bridgeman:

In a village among the mountains of New Hampshire the late Dr. Samuel G. Howe found the subject of this sketch, then six years old, blind, deaf, dumb and nearly destitute of the sense of taste, scarlet fever having deprived her of these gifts. She was thus excluded from all the beauties of God in nature, and seemed little better than a piece of marble chiseled in human form, and that form containing a flickering spark of an immortal soul. Her father was a well-to-do farmer, and her mother a woman of much intelligence, who gladly consented to place her little daughter in care of Dr. Howe. Accordingly she was brought to Boston, and a process of instruction immediately commenced. She was first taught to use her hands and to acquire a command of her muscles and limbs, and afterwards, by means of a pen and pin, to distinguish two articles by arbitrary signs. Then from monosyllables she learned all the letters of the alphabet, and how to arrange them to represent objects. She soon acquired a knowledge of numerals, punctuation, &c., and then she gained the power of expressing thought, the names of things, &c. The next process taught her was to recognize the same signs in embossed types. She worked with great eagerness, thus rewarding the watchful care of her devoted teacher.

Miss Bridgeman is now in her 46th year, and between her home and the Perkins Institution she has passed her time thus far. She is tall, slight, graceful in form and motion, wears green bands across her eyes, is very demonstrative, and her face at times radiates with emotion. She dresses with great care—more to please her friends than herself—and takes pride in showing her gold watch and other feminine ornamentations. She is quite expert in crocheting and plain needlework, and takes much delight in assisting one of the teachers in the sewing department. A few days ago she was at work with perhaps a dozen of the pupils, turning the hems of napkins, and threading needles with her fingers and teeth. She exhibited some of her hemming with as much pride as a soldier bearing a trophy from a battle field. A lady, on the occasion referred to, made a purchase from her of a crochet mat, and with clear articulation Miss Bridgeman repeated the word "money" twice. She can utter intelligibly the name of a teacher, and such words as baby, &c. She forms words with a lead pencil, by the aid of a French writing-board. This latter article has grooved lines about an eighth of an inch deep, an inch or so apart, running transversely across the pasteboard. She takes her paper and presses it into the grooves, thus making depressions which can be felt by the pencil point, and when slightly pressed leaves a letter mark. In furnishing her autograph she writes above her name a Scripture text. On being asked if she realized the meaning of the quotation, "The Lord is my Shepherd," she replied "fully." On learning that her questioner had been a Sabbath-school teacher for eighteen years, she clasped her hands with delight and made an attempt, in a rapturous manner, to speak, giving forth a lurid-like sound. Miss Bridgeman, after the death of her father, was selfishly deprived of the little property he left for herself and her mother, and she continued to earn a little money by the use of her needle. She, however, possesses the interest of a bequest of $2,000 from the Loring fund. Yesterday this lady was feeling acutely the death of the noble man who brought out her imprisoned spirit from chaos. She is a living monument of his devotion, patience, hope, waiting, watching, and giving of eyes to the blind and language to the dumb lips. The Emperor of Prussia sent Dr. Howe a gold medal for his marvelous achievement in educating Laura Bridgeman. The attention of the European world was first drawn to Miss Bridgeman's most extraordinary case through Charles Dickens' Notes, in which a very full account was given, and a deserved eulogium passed upon Dr. Howe.

## OREGON.

There are 74 scholars in the writing school at Forest Grove.

Polk county has lately been connected to Marion county by a wire ferry at Buena Vista.

Mr. M'than, of Middleton, while standing up and driving his team the other day, slipped and fell, striking his left side on the edge of the wagon-bed, laying him up for several days.

A religious revival has been in progress for a week at the Jackson school house, Washington county, under the conduct of the United Brethren church, with a large number of conversions.

The Albany *Democrat* says: "Judge J. C. Avery, of Corvallis, is not expected to live. Mrs. Helm, his daughter, was on Monday summoned by telegraph to the bedside of her afflicted father, and we learn from Mr. Helm that his recovery is almost despaired of."

The February session of the Linn county council, P. of H., convened at Knox Butte on the 14th inst. The attendance was not large, owing to the muddy condition of the roads. The subject of flax culture was discussed at some length, and will receive still further attention from that body.

A private dispatch says St. Louis has been selected as the place for holding the Democratic National Convention. It is singular that the fact should not have been mentioned in the press dispatches.

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. } { E. C. LORD, Portland.

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The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 25, 1876

## AN UNINTENTIONAL WRONG—THE REMEDY.

The soul of the Democracy is troubled again at a wanton insult put upon that gorgeous and glorious party by the OREGONIAN. Its wail in this tribulation finds voice through the Albany *Democrat*, and the burden thereof is that the address of the chairman of the Independent committee was published on the fourth page of the OREGONIAN, and not on the first, second or third. This is considered a slight to the Democrats but just why it is so considered is not very clearly set forth. Readers of only ordinary intelligence would probably understand the language of the address to mean pretty much the same thing whether they read it from the fourth page or the first one, but for the help the Governor's official organ volunteers to show them that they are a set of idiots. And when that remarkably astute concern has pointed out to them that language means one thing when printed on the fourth page and quite a different thing when printed on the first, their own perceptions thus quickened by contact with such astonishingly sharp intellects as those which direct the turning of the crank of the Governor's official organ, are likely to penetrate the subject a little deeper, and suggest an inquiry why these Democratic politicians are so extremely solicitous about the Independent organization. When the Independents, two years ago, seemed in a fair way to push Mr. Grover aside and put Professor Campbell in the Governor's chair in spite of the influence of the State house and penitentiary ring by which Democratic votes were manufactured out of the public money, they found their worst enemies and most unscrupulous traducers in the organs of the Governor, and conspicuously in the Albany *Democrat*. Independent voters will hardly forget so soon the part these papers took at that time; and remembering that they will be at no loss to understand how little sincerity there is in the professions of sympathy which are made at this time.

But coming back to the particular grievance complained of by the Governor's official organ, we wish to make whatever apology is due to His Excellency for having put the matter in the wrong column of the OREGONIAN, and to assure His Excellency that the offense was wholly unintentional. And in order to avoid such mistakes in the future we venture to suggest to His Excellency whether it would not be promotive of the happiness of his subjects and his own chances for the United States Senate to detail Brigadier General Martin Van Buren Brown for the special duty of "making up" the OREGONIAN. Our foreman is under instruction to "make up" in accordance with the wishes of His Excellency, in all respects, but from lack of that intimate acquaintance with His Excellency's views on matters of detail, which is possessed by a member of His Excellency's staff, he is liable frequently to commit errors. His Excellency has several persons at his disposal who could perform the duties now done by General Brown as editor of the official organ, but no other who could so well discharge the delicate task of "making up" the OREGONIAN to his liking. We should gladly place our foreman under the orders of the General.

## MORTON AND THE INDIANA REPUBLICANS.

The Republicans of Indiana in their platform adopted on the 22d inst., play fast and loose with the currency question, and as a fitting sequel to such insincerity and folly they nominate Senator Morton for President. In one breath they commend the financial policy of the Republican party, and in the next they demand the repeal of the specie resumption act. This act is distinctly *the* Republican financial measure, on which the victories were won last fall in Pennsylvania, Ohio and other States. It is the measure of all others which the soft-money Democrats most vehemently oppose and condemn. But the Republicans of Indiana now join the rag-money advocates in their assault on this important piece of Republican legislation. Out of doubt this is done in compliance with the views of Morton, who is a known inflationist. In bringing this man before the country as their candidate for President the Republicans of Indiana stultified themselves, and put their party in a position antagonistic to that held by the Republicans in all the other important States. It is not too much to say that the demoralization of the Republicans of Indiana on this question is due to Morton alone. Instead of taking a strong position in favor of honest money and educating his party at home up to a proper standard of intelligence on the subject, he has chosen to play the demagogue, hoping to "cut under" Hendricks, Pendleton and Bill Allen. He will be held responsible for the folly of his party in his State. Its action on the 22d ought to remove him at once from the list of possible candidates for President. Republicans in other States certainly don't want to accept the financial policy of the Morton Republicans of Indiana, which is not distinguishable from that of the inflation Democracy; nor do they want for President the man whose course in the Senate and at home has forced the adoption of the Confederate rag baby, which was killed in the elections of last year, upon the Republicans of Indiana. On the same day that the soft money Republicans of Indiana were committing themselves to Morton and rags the sensible Republicans of Wisconsin were calling for Blaine and honest money. There is no doubt whatever as to which side has the sympathy and support of the Republicans of the country. All who have learned the rudiments of sound finance and know how to distinguish the efforts of statesmanship from the low contrivances of the demagogue will turn with relief from this performance of Morton's in Indiana to the candid reasoning in favor of an honest and sound currency presented in Blaine's great speech in the House of Representatives on the 10th inst. Morton probably has few supporters in Oregon but those who want to support the Republican candidate for President should see that he don't get the vote of the State in the Cincinnati Convention and should take no chances of it. In other words they should see to it that those who are sent to Cincinnati are certainly not Morton men.

## THE INDEPENDENT COURSE.

The *Independent* has a correspondence—two, in fact—admonishing independent voters not to compromise away any of the principles on which they have insisted heretofore. From one of these letters we clip the following, which is the expression of a mistaken idea running through both:

> In the DAILY OREGONIAN of the 18th inst I noticed an editorial favoring *all* Independent Republicans returning to their own party, forgetting the past and referring no more to the causes which produced the division.

The writer has seen that in the OREGONIAN, which the OREGONIAN did not contain. We advise no conscientious voter—and every voter should be conscientious—to leave his conscience out of consideration, and that he would do if he so far forgot the past as not to be on his guard against the repetition of those things which produced the division heretofore. But we do advise all to remember that this is a year of national politics in a double sense. It is the year of a Presidential election and of a Senatorial election. There is no national Independent organization, and will be no national Independent candidates. That everyone knows who knows anything. It is altogether likely the influence of the national election will so far influence the State election as to place the local Independent organizations at a disadvantage, and perhaps defeat them even where they would otherwise have handsome majorities. We take it the Independent voters expect to take a hand in the Presidential election and that each will act in that matter with the party that, in general, stands upon principles most in accordance with his own opinions. This will surround with difficulties the efforts they may make for independent action in the State. They will not be wise if they rush into defeat unnecessarily. Better act with the other parties *if they find they can thus act without being cheated and without cheating the people*. That is what we have advised. We advise it still, because it seems to us like practical common sense. But we said, in substance, in the very article referred to by this correspondent, that if trickery and jobbery, and trading and setting up things, were practised, that should be the signal for the defeat of the party practising them. We do not for a moment surrender the divine right of the citizen to bolt, but when there is no sufficient reason for exercising that right, the wisest course is to hold it in reserve for the time when there are wrongs committed which ought not to be borne. That is the true spirit of independence. It raises the citizen above the party and the ballot box above the convention, without running amuck with existing conditions when there is no need of doing so. So far as we can judge from appearance, there is no occasion to fear that Republican voters will not have fair play at the Republican primaries this year if they desire to take part. If the politicians wish to deny that right, they will not dare do it. For this reason, and in the absence of any reason to suspect the incorrectness of the assumed fact, we are of the opinion that Independent Republicans would better act with the party unless they find that by so doing they help rings and political stock-jobbers in their unrighteous schemes. So far we go, believing that it is the policy of independent voters not to be mere ciphers, but, in the language of the chairman of the Independent State committee to "make themselves felt *somewhere*," but farther than that we propose to be neither coaxed nor driven, and we trust the same will be the case with Republicans generally.

## THE PORTLAND COLLECTORSHIP.

There appears in the *Mountain Sentinel* of the 19th inst. an article from which we clip the following curious paragraph:

> The Salem *Mercury*, of 11th inst., conveys the intelligence that Hon. S. Hannah, of this county, will shortly be tendered the very lucrative and important position of collector of customs at Portland, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the kicking of Harvey Scott's head into the political waste-basket. It has become almost a settled conviction in the minds of the people of this State that the removal of Scott, and the rending asunder of the Portland custom house ring, which has for years been reeking and festering with corruption was a move that the party leaders would be compelled to make; therefore little surprise will be manifested at this important change.

The idea that the "party leaders"—by which is meant of course, in this case, those who control the Federal appointments in the State—would assist in "the rending asunder of the Portland custom house ring," is both original and fresh. The only complaint made against Scott is made by the ring, and is based entirely on their allegations that he refuses to do the bidding of those who insist on maintaining, through said ring, a dictatorship over the party. The paragraph above quoted shows how completely the political situation in Portland is misapprehended in some other parts of the State.

### A FIGHT WITH A COUGAR.

RAINIER, Feb 22, 1876.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Mr Hudson of Beaver valley a few days ago, being out in the woods about a mile from his farm looking for his cattle with his dogs came on a large cougar and made him take a tree. Mr Hudson being armed with an old musket and fine bird shot commenced war on him and after the fifth discharge the cougar came down with the evident intention of whipping his enemies. He first attacked the dogs and got one under him, when Mr Hudson clubbed his gun and after breaking the breech off succeeded in killing him with the barrel. When measured he was found to be nine feet from tip to tip. Mr Hudson found four carcasses where the cougar had killed his yearling calves and thinks that he had killed six more as he lost ten in all. Mr Hudson had killed a wildcat and a martin before he killed the cougar. Yours truly,

J. C. GILBREATH.

### SUPREME COURT.

THURSDAY, Feb 24, 1876.

Dolan vs Trainor and Norris; appeal from Multnomah county; submitted.

Dempsey vs Trainor and Ladd [illegible]; appeal from Multnomah county; submitted.

Barnhart vs Strong; appeal from Multnomah county; taken up.

The *Independent* says: Some person or persons broke a window out of Mr Ennis' store at Cornelius last Tuesday night and abstracted some paper and envelopes.

### OCEAN CABLES.

Many of our readers whose pursuits in life do not bring before them familiarly the great and multiplying achievements in the different departments of civil engineering that are taking place in all parts of the world, will be surprised to learn from the following table how many ocean cables over 500 miles in length have thus far been successfully laid. The data are taken from the *Journal of Telegraph*:

| Year built | From | Length of miles |
|---|---|---|
| 1866 | Ireland to Newfoundland | 1,896 |
| 18[illegible] | Malta to Alexandria, Egypt | [illegible] |
| 1869 | Brest, Duxbury, Mass., via St Pierre | [illegible] |
| | Bushire, Persia, to Jask, Beloochistan | [illegible] |
| | St Pierre to Duxbury | [illegible] |
| 1870 | Suez to Aden, Arabia | 1,469 |
| | Aden to Bombay, India | [illegible] |
| | Falmouth, Eng., to Lisbon | [illegible] |
| | Gibraltar to Malta | [illegible] |
| | Madras to Penang | 1,308 |
| | Singapore to Batavia | [illegible] |
| | Malta to Alexandria, Egypt | 904 |
| | Batabano, Cuba, to Santiago, Cuba | [illegible] |
| | Java to Australia | 1,082 |
| 1871 | Singapore to Cochin China | [illegible] |
| | Saigon to Hongkong | [illegible] |
| | Hongkong to Shanghai | [illegible] |
| | Shanghai to Japan and thence to Siberia | 1,200 |
| | Antigua to Demarara, West Indies | [illegible] |
| | Porto Rico to Jamaica | 682 |
| 1873 | Falmouth, England, to Lisbon | [illegible] |
| | Valentia to Newfoundland | [illegible] |
| | France to Denmark | [illegible] |
| | Pernambuco to Para, Brazil | [illegible] |
| | Alexandria, Egypt, to Brindisi, Italy | [illegible] |
| 1874 | Lisbon to Madeira | [illegible] |
| | Valentia to Newfoundland | [illegible] |
| | Madeira to St Vincent | [illegible] |
| | St Vincent to Brazil | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| | West Indies to Rio Janeiro | [illegible] |
| | Jamaica to Porto Rico | [illegible] |
| | Rio Janeiro to Rio Grande del Sul | [illegible] |
| 18[illegible] | Ireland to Rye Beach | [illegible] |

Besides these there are 71 ocean cables less than 100 miles long and 40 between 100 and 500 miles long.

Blind staggers, empty-zootic, or something else destructive is visiting the horses in the vicinity of Farmington, Washington county. One man has lost five. Several others have also lost from one to three.

### MARRIED.

In this city, Feb 23, by Rev W C Chattin, Mr T B Freeman and Miss Lula B Huber.

In Canemah, Feb 21, Wm McDonaldson and Mrs Julia McCraken.

### DIED.

Near Oregon City, Feb 20, Mrs Elizabeth Tom[illegible], aged 63 years 8 months.

In Oregon City, Feb 21, John B. Norton, aged 30 years.

## NEW TO-DAY.

**SHAWLS.** Entire Stock now offered at clearance prices at 107 Third st by JOHN WILSON.

FOR SALE.

A HALF INTEREST IN THE POPULAR CENtral Market COFFEE STAND. Reason—continued ill health. F. FABRE.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

THREE OR FOUR UP STAIRS ROOMS, UNFURnished, with a private family, between Columbia and Stark, First and Fourth streets. Rent $12. Apply at once to JOHN R. COKER & CO., Labor Exchange, 64 Cosmopolitan Block, Front street.

**Desirable Residence Property for Sale.**

SOME CHOICE BUILDING LOTS IN THE CITY centrally located for sale for a few days at a bargain by GEO WOODWARD, Real Estate and Ins Agent. Office Cosmopolitan Hotel Block.

**HENRY MARTIN,**
Central Market,

Is now prepared to supply HATCHING EGGS of the following kinds of Chickens: Leghorns, Brahmas, Leghorns, Houdans, Spanish and Silver Spangled Hamburg. fe25d1m

**1000 Pounds Fresh Columbia River SMELT, for sale Wholesale and Retail by C. A. MALARKEY, S. E. corner Stark and Second streets.**

**Tame Geese, Tame Ducks, Turkeys, &c.**

**NEW GOODS.**

**A 1 Sugar Cured Hams,**
**Canned Corned Beef;**
**Canned Green Turtle,**

For sale by HACHENEY & STEMME,
Dealers in First Class Groceries,
Corner Taylor and First sts.

LINSEED OIL,

BOILED AND RAW, BARRELS AND Cases,
At the Lowest Market Rates.

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DEALERS IN
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Manufacturers and Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Furniture, Bedding, Carpets, Paper Hangings, Oil Cloths, Mirrors, Varnish, Picture Mouldings, Cabinet Hardware, &c., &c.

PARLOR SUITS covered in Silk, Plush, Terry of any color, Hair Cloth & Lasting. Office and Dining Room Suits, covered in Leather of any color.

EASY CHAIRS in endless variety, cheaper than ever.

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Corner Yamhill and First streets.

**A Choice Assortment of NEW RUCHINGS, PARASOLS, CALICOS, &c., rec'd per steamer.**

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

A Certain Cure for

**EPILEPTIC FITS**

[illegible] ANDREWS [illegible]

**OR SPASMS.**

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE OREGON [illegible] will be held at the [illegible] Church, this city, on WEDNESDAY, March [illegible], commencing at [illegible] A. M. [illegible] All friends of the cause are [illegible] to be present.
[illegible] BARRETT, Secretary.
Portland, Feb [illegible]

$1 50 PER ACRE.

WILL BUY [illegible] ACRES OF GOOD LAND (MOST [illegible]) within nine miles of Portland. [illegible] For particulars see DE LASHMUTT & OATMAN, Retail Bankers.

## AMUSEMENTS.

### THE SECOND GRAND Vocal and Instrumental Concert

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

**Portland Library Association.**

Will be given by the

**Amateur Musical Society**

OF PORTLAND

S HARRIS, ESQ., CONDUCTOR,

Assisted by a number of the Best Amateur Vocal Performers of the city, on

**Friday Evening, Feb. 25 1876,**

AT

NEW MARKET THEATER.

PROGRAMME.

PART I

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Overture—Dichter and Bauer<br>Orchestra | Suppe |
| 2 | Vocal Duet—"Lost Proscribed"<br>Messrs Franklin and Schuyler | Flotow |
| | Vocal Solo<br>Mr [illegible] | |
| 4 | Violin Solo—Fantasie<br>Mr J H Brenner | |
| | Vocal Solo—[illegible]<br>Miss Emma J Miller | [illegible] |
| 6 | Waltz—Schonen Rhine<br>Orchestra | Keler Bela |

PART II

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Selections—Il Trovatore<br>Orchestra | Verdi |
| 2 | Vocal Solo—"Consider the Lilies"<br>Mrs Bentley | |
| 3 | Harp and Piano Duet—<br>Misses Roberts and Lamberson | |
| 4 | Reading—<br>Mr John McCraken | |
| 5 | Vocal Solo—Embarrassment (Verlegenheit)<br>Miss Emma J Miller | Abt |
| 6 | March der Sacre<br>Orchestra | Meyerbeer |

Admission $1 00. | Gallery 50c

**Reserved Seats may be secured at Pfunder's Drug Store, corner First and Ash sts., on Thursday and Friday, Feb. 24 and 25, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.**

### SIXTH ANNIVERSARY BALL!

OF THE

**Independent German School ASSOCIATION,**

AT TURNER HALL,

MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 28, 1876.

Tickets admitting gentleman and ladies, $1 50

### Y. M. C. A. LECTURES.

SIX POPULAR LECTURES BEFORE THE Young Men's Christian Association, at their Rooms, corner First and Alder streets.

The Fourth will be on TUESDAY, February 29th. Exercises to commence at 7:30 P. M. This Lecture will be delivered by

**REV. J. F. ELLIS,**
Of Forest Grove.

SUBJECT—"CAUGHT A TARTAR."

The Lectures will be introduced by some choice music.

Tickets for the Course at J K Gill's and in the hands of a committee of Ladies in each Church. Course, $1 50

**"MUSIC."**

**PROF. CHAS. E. BRAY**

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITizens of Portland that he is prepared to receive pupils upon the **Piano, Violin, Cornet,** etc. Instructions also given in Harmony and Composition. Those engaging the services of Prof Bray may feel assured that the instruction received by them will be thorough. Pupils will be grounded in the fundamental principles and rythm of Music, which although of the greatest is often permitted by teachers to become a matter of secondary importance. Orders left at Sherman & Hyde's Music Store, or at residence, corner Fourth and Morrison streets will receive prompt attention.

**GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!**

We will sell our entire Stock of

**BOOTS & SHOES,**

For Cost, for the next 15 Days.

To make room for a Large Stock of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, at the

OPPOSITION BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

Cor. First and Stark Sts, Portland.

CAHALIN & GOODMAN.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COpartnership heretofore existing between James G. Fairfowl and John A. Brown, Stevedores, under the firm name of Fairfowl & Brown, has been dissolved and that I will not be responsible in any manner for any debts contracted by John A. Brown in the name of said firm or otherwise.
fe23d2w JAMES G. FAIRFOWL.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COpartnership heretofore existing between J. G. Fairfowl and J. A. Brown under the firm name of Fairfowl & Brown has been mutually dissolved and that I will not be responsible in any manner for any debt hereafter contracted by James G. Fairfowl in the name of said firm or otherwise.
J A BROWN.
Portland, Feb 21, 1876. fe23d2w

**Notice to Merchants and Shipmasters.**

I HAVE THIS DAY SOLD ONE HALF INTERest in my business to Capt J A Brown, late master of barkentine J A Falkinburg.
THOS F TILDEN.

Referring to the above, the firm of TILDEN & BROWN are now prepared to carry on the business of stevedores and Riggers. All business entrusted to our care satisfaction guaranteed.
THOS F TILDEN,
Capt J A BROWN.
Portland, Feb 21, 1876.

**MRS. OGDEN,**

CUTTER AND FITTER OF LADIES' AND Children's Clothes by the Tailor's System.

Corner Fourth and A Streets.

A perfect fit guaranteed. Also Instructions for using the Tailor's System. Instructions in the Basque, Plain and French Waists, Pointed Yokes, Low Neck Dresses $10. $5 advance on all the above. Also Wrappers, Cloaks, Sacques, Little Boys' Coats, Pants and Vests, Girls' costumes of every style, the cutting of trimmings and the art of basting a vest, all for $1. Mrs O having bought the agency for Portland and adjacent towns. Stamping and pinking. Patterns of all kinds cut by measurement. fe21 1m

**WHEELER & WILSON**
**No. 6, Family, and No. 7**
**SEWING MACHINES,**

Does Greater Range of Work than any Machine in the Market.

NO SHUTTLE!
NO NOISE!

9[illegible] First street, Portland.

NICOLAI & BRO.

**Central Planing Mills,**

Cor. North Second and E Streets, Portland.

Rustic, Ceiling, Mouldings, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Urns, Tanks, Fences, &c.

Common Size Doors, Sash and Blinds at San Francisco Prices. ja27d3mw6m

**PLUMMER FRUIT DRYER.**

AS A RESULT OF WHAT I HAVE HEARD FROM [illegible] I give below a letter from the Plummer Fruit Drying Co. of East Portland [illegible] season of 1875 [illegible] Warranted to dry [illegible] at a small cost [illegible] a Machine and I am now waiting for a patent [illegible] Dryer [illegible] price is within the reach of all.
W. S. PLUMMER, Patentee,
ja7d&wtf Portland, Oregon.

**FRUIT DRYER TESTIMONIALS.**

EAST PORTLAND, Jan 4th, 1876.

MR W S PLUMMER—Dear Sir: As this is a time when all are [illegible] interested in Fruit Drying, we think [illegible] for the information of the public [illegible] it is right and proper that we should give all the information that we can. Now after having operated your Dryer during this season we [illegible] warranted in saying that for the amount of money invested we still believe as we did from the start that *your* Dryer is the best Dryer yet introduced into this country. The capacity of the Dryer we find to be about 8 (eight) bushels per hour. The Dried fruit we claim to be as good as any, though perhaps not as much bleached as the Alden Fruit, and we are satisfied that we can produce Dried Fruit at less expense than the Alden. The stockholders of our company manifested their confidence in the Plummer Dryer at our meeting last Saturday, by an unanimous vote to increase the capital stock [illegible] twelve thousand dollars for the purpose of adding one more Dryer to the present one and [illegible] the improvements for next season. We will further say that we believe that by an improvement made by the patentee in the Heater [illegible] there will be an increase of capacity and a saving of Fuel.
H. HANSON, President.
J. S. NEWELL, Secretary and Superintendent.

EAST PORTLAND, Dec 13, 1875.

MR PLUMMER—Dear Sir: I have been watching both the Alden and your Fruit Dryer the past season so as to determine which was the best Machine for drying Prunes. I visited the Alden Dryer at Oregon City and examined the Prunes dried on that Machine, and I have also examined several lots dried on your Machine at East Portland and my opinion is that your Dryer is far the best Machine for drying Prunes. My reasons are these: Your Machine dries them without bursting or cracking, while I noticed that a great deal of the fruit dried on the Alden Machine was bursted open, and after a Prune is bursted in drying it is worthless for market as a Prune; therefore I can recommend your Machine for drying Prunes or any thing else. Yours truly,
H. W. PRETTYMAN,
Proprietor of Railroad Nursery.

PORTLAND, Jan 10, 1876.

MR W S PLUMMER—Dear Sir: The Dryer purchased by us from you for the purpose of drying our Onions has now been in operation two months and does good work. All those that have tried the product pronounce it the very best quality.
Yours truly, STEEL & CO.

W. STAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

COUGHS, HOARSENESS, INFLUENZA, Sore Throat, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Asthma, Bleeding of the Lungs, and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest are speedily and permanently cured by the use of

**Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.**

*This well known preparation does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most medicines, but it loosens and cleanses the lungs and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.*

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials received by the proprietors. None genuine unless signed I. BUTTS. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors, Boston. Sold by REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & Co., San Francisco, and by dealers generally.

**State Treasurer's Third Notice.**

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
SALEM, Feb 9, 1876.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds in the Treasury for the payment of the following State Warrants issued in 1875, to-wit: Nos 1185, 1174, 1186, 1190, 1191, 1189, 1195, 1188, 1187, 1176, 1197, 1198, 1199, 1200, 1201, 1204, 1205, 1206, 1207, 1209, 1210, 1213, 1216, 1223, 1224, 1225, 1226, 1228, 1230, 1231, 1232, 1237, 1238, 1235, 1239, 1241, 1240, 1242, 1217, 1247, 1249, 1250, 1248, 1251, 1257, 1259, 1263, 1264, 1258, 12[illegible], 1268, 1270, 1271, 1272, 1273, 1269, 1275, 1276, 1267, 1279, 1274, 1281, 1277, 1286, 1288, 1289, 1290, 1291, 1287, 1292, 1293, 1297, 1298, 1293, 1300, 1301, 1303, 1304, 1305, 1306, 1307, 1310, 1311, 1314, 1324, 1325, 1326 and 1347. Interest on the above warrants will cease from this date.

Also the holders of warrants Nos 285, 286, 287, 336 and 337 are informed that they were advertised January 21, 1876, and that interest ceased thereon at that time.
A H BROWN,
fe9d1w State Treasurer.

DANIEL J. MALARKEY,

**Produce Commission Merchant**

Wholesale Dealer in Foreign and Domestic

**Green and Dried Fruits.**

Jobber in

**Staple Groceries, Provisions, Butter, EGGS AND CHEESE.**

An extra choice lot of Smyrna Figs in kegs, baskets and boxes, Cheap and Good.

Wanted—5000 Boxes Yellow Newtown, Winesap, Red Cheek, Pippin Apples for shipping—no others. Write for prices and give varieties and quantity of each offered for sale.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE
No. 10 First Street, bet. Ash and Pine.
fe17d&w1m

**OSCAR KILBOURN,**

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Corner First and Pine Streets.

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE, Merchandise, Furniture, etc.

Regular Sale Days, Tuesday and Friday.

A general assortment of Merchandise at private sale.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

**Proposals for Painting.**

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED ON or before the [illegible] day of March 1876, for painting the [illegible] Court House, including roof, railing, [illegible] stairways, window sashes, doors, [illegible] around the [illegible] with two coats of Paint [illegible] Bidders to furnish [illegible] with the County Clerk.
[illegible] By order of the County Court.

**DR. J. J. SMITH,**

Veterinary Surgeon, is now prepared to treat all [illegible] Horse Diseases [illegible] Distemper now prevailing in the country, in which [illegible] having [illegible] can be found at [illegible] Drug Store [illegible]

**THE GEM OYSTER ROOM**

**Received the only Lot of Eastern Oysters that came by steamer Ajax.**

**SCHOOL TAXES.**

FOR THE YEAR [illegible] Clerk.

**FOR TILLAMOOK!**

THE SCHOONER

KATIE L. HERON,

Will take FREIGHT [illegible] FORWARDING & CARRIER'S WHARF [illegible]

**TO LET.**

FURNISHED ROOMS,

WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD, AT THE RESidence formerly occupied by Dr Mary A Thomas. Suit of Rooms on first floor.
fe14d1m Mrs. L. C. PATTON.

**FOR SALE.**

FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WANTS TO SELL HIS City property, Lot 2, Block 8[illegible], Raleigh's Addition, and Lots 7 and 8, Block [illegible]. For particulars apply to Dr. J. SCHWAB, Evansville, Indiana, or R GOLDSMITH, Esq.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN.

A DWELLING ON MAIN STREET, NEAR Fifth, containing five rooms, hard finished, with lot 41x100. Price $1250, half cash and balance in 6 or 12 months. Enquire at NATHAN'S Second Hand Furniture Store, Front street near Columbia.
fe18d1m

**Executors' Sale.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned will sell at private sale the South ½ of Lots 4 and 5 in Block No 40, in the City of Portland, Oregon, known as CREE'S BLOCK.

For terms of sale apply to
JOHN A. CRAWFORD, at Albany
or JOHN CATLIN, at Portland,
Executors of Last Will and Testament of Wm Cree, deceased.

**R. C. JANION & CO.**

IMPORTERS AND

**Commission Merchants.**

AGENTS FOR LLOYDS.

OFFER FOR SALE,

TENNENT'S ALE, pints and quarts.
McEWAN'S " " "
IND COOPE & CO'S ALE, pints and qts.
R. YOUNGER & CO'S " "
Blood, Wolfe & Co's ALE and PORTER, pints and quarts.
Guinness' STOUT, pints.
RED CASE GIN, (Rynbende & Sons brand).
Hennessy, Martell and Jules Robin's BRANDIES, in case and bulk.
Scotch and Irish WHISKIES, in case and bulk.
JAMAICA RUM.
CHAMPAGNES.
The Finest SHERRIES, in bulk, ever imported to this market, all at reduced prices.
CURRY POWDER and CURRANTS.
PICKLES and SAUCES.
SALAD and COD LIVER OILS.
EPSOM SALTS and CITRATE OF MAGNESIA.
SAGO and TAPIOCA.
DRY GOODS and CARPETS.
PAINTS and VARNISHES.
CHLORIDE OF LIME and SODA ASH.
WHEAT SACKS and HESSIANS.
Seaming and Roping TWINE.
CANNEL COAL, &c., &c.

**R. C. JANION & CO.**

Offer for sale

**PAINTS!**

WHITE LEAD, in tins of 25lbs. each.

VENETIAN RED, in oil, in tins of 25 and 10 lbs. each.

BLACK PAINT, in tins of 25 and 10 lbs.

GREEN PAINT, assorted [illegible], in 1 lb. tins.

**R. C. JANION & CO.**

Offer for sale

One 7-Octave ROSEWOOD PIANO, London Model.

One 7-Octave ROSEWOOD PIANO, Paris Prize Model.

At Wholesale Prices.

**STATE BAKERY,**

COR. FIRST AND MADISON STREETS,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

JOHN WINTTER - - - PROPRIETOR.

I RESPECTFULLY INFORM MY FRIENDS AND the public in general that I have taken charge of the above establishment and am prepared to furnish them with all kinds of

**Crackers, Bread, Cakes and Pastry.**

☞ New York Home-made Bread. j31d1m

To All Whom It May Concern.

**GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!**

**J. SIMON & CO.,**

Having removed all their Stock to their large New Store, 41 Front Street,

Are now fully prepared to sell all kinds of

**Doors, Sash, Blinds**

AND WINDOW GLASS,

At 10 per cent below San Francisco Prices.

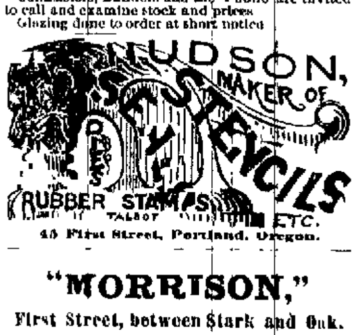
Also a great Assortment of

FINE MOULDINGS!

To arrive, which will be offered at prices lower than ever sold in Oregon.

Contractors, Builders and the Public are invited to call and examine stock and prices.

Glazing done to order at short notice.



45 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

**"MORRISON,"**

First Street, between Stark and Oak.

**WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.**

Furnished Rooms by the Month.

CH. LOUIS KUHN,

Corner of Third and A streets, Dealer in

BILLIARDS AND BILLIARD GOODS

Of all Descriptions, CLOTHS, BALLS, CUES, &c. Sole Agent and Importer of the Brunswick Balke Celebrated Novelty and Virginius Pool Tables suitable for Ladies' Parlors.

Second hand Billiard, Pigeon and Jenny Lind Tables for sale and rent on reasonable terms.

Direct communications solicited. Letter Box 15[illegible].
[illegible]1m

**ALBINA.**

LOTS FOR SALE IN THIS RAPIDLY GROWING [illegible]

[illegible] OREGON IRON WORKS [illegible]

**HATS! HATS!**

A FULL LINE AND LATEST STYLES AT VERY LOW PRICES,

JUST OPENED AT

**NEIMEYER & UTTER'S,**

MERCHANT TAILORS,

31 FIRST STREET.

EX JANE A. FALKINBURG,

From Honolulu, direct,

**2,000 Kegs Island Sugars,**

Assorted Grades.

For sale by ALLEN & LEWIS.

# The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY [illegible] 1876

## CITY

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—Yesterday forenoon about [illegible] o'clock a small [illegible] boy [illegible] years [illegible] was observed [illegible] Stark street [illegible] Front toward the river [illegible] reaching the edge of the [illegible] ferry lands the [illegible] river, evidently [illegible] several other persons observed [illegible] the boy and [illegible] the ferry [illegible] Lawrence sprang [illegible] after the [illegible] ashore. He was then taken to the [illegible] and turned [illegible] on nothing but a [illegible] shirt [illegible] and body being [illegible]. After he was taken out of the water [illegible] death from exposure. On reaching the [illegible] Capt. Collins gave him some whisky and placed him near a warm stove, and when he was dry wrapped him up in a roll of blankets and put him to bed. A Chinaman was [illegible] for whom [illegible] stated to the officer that [illegible] street, and that he was subject to periodical spells of insanity. While under the influence of one of these attacks of temporary insanity it is supposed the boy attempted to [illegible] himself. [illegible] of his face was swollen from a [illegible] and one eye blackened, caused in all probability by his running against some object in his crazy flight toward the river. During an unguarded moment the boy had escaped from home and made tracks with all speed toward the Wallamet intent on seeking oblivion beneath its dark waters or else not heeding where he was going. His condition was rendered as comfortable as possible in the jail and he will be committed to the asylum to-day, or given into the custody of his friends.

CENTENNIAL FIRE DEPARTMENT BADGE.—We have been shown by Mr A Wendt, fireman of this city, a fireman's badge to be worn on parades celebrating the centennial year, received by him from the manufacturer Fred J Miller, of New York, as a present. This badge is made of metal and has the burnish of steel, shaped similar to a heart. The upper part represents an eagle with extended wings and tail flurred glittering with stars. The middle is the Independence bell (cracked); on the right side of which is a primitive fire engine of 1776, and on the left one with all the modern improvements of 1876 in contrast. Under this is a scroll intended, no doubt, for subscribing the name of the company, beneath which are the letters F. D. resting on a book and ladder, supported by a fire plug. Surrounding the whole design are the fire hose. A close inspection of the beautiful badge will, no doubt, prompt many to purchase. It can be seen at Mr Wendt's shop, who will take delight in showing it. Mr. Julius Goldsmith is agent for these badges. Any fireman desiring one can leave an order for the same at the store of W. A. Hart.

TRAINED INDIANS.—Capt. C E S McDonald, the well known Indian trainer who visited this city about two years ago, has now in training at an encampment near San Francisco, a band of nine Indians—four squaws and five men—all of them representing different tribes. The drill comprises marching, rallying, wheeling, bayonet exercise, skirmish drill, receiving cavalry, the manual of arms, acrobatic exercises, etc. There is also the Indian "Feast of Fire," which consists of eating fire, drinking burning naphtha, devouring burning [illegible], breathing fire, pulling long poles from their mouths, and numbers of yards of ribbon. Captain McDonald is also teaching the band reading, writing and music. He intends taking the band East to attend the Centennial, in the latter part of May. Previous to their departure East they will appear at the *California Theater* in San Francisco.

A DEPLORABLE STATE.—Yesterday morning a man named *Coleman*, or more familiarly known by the uncomplimentary sobriquet of "Whisky Bill," was found in the upper portion of the city, in what was supposed to be a dying condition. He was taken to the Thompson House, but being in a most deplorable condition of mind and body, he was conveyed to St. Vincent's Hospital, by order of Rev. Mr Chalon, the City Missionary. From his state when taken to the hospital, it was thought the miserable man could not long survive. Coleman has been living in this city for years and he is a man of fine education, and has excellent family connections in Boston. Dissipation, and an inordinate passion for strong drink, have brought him down to the lowest depths of degradation, and in all human probability, a drunkard's grave.

PASSENGERS.—The steamer *Ajax*, which sailed for San Francisco from this port last evening, carried hence the following passengers: A. Roberts, J. C. Parker, Miss Wass, H. W Corbett and wife, L H Lewis and wife, M. J. Patton, wife and infant, R K Evans, John Davis, J. Everett, J J Winant, D. B Parker, Samuel Levy, T Dittenhoefler, M Franklin and son, P. C Lyons, J Owens, E D. Backinstos, John Haviland, Mrs O G Spencer and child, S B. Hart, M Kane, R. N Shields, A Bosco, R G Long and wife, W F & Co's messenger; steerage passengers—Louis Gardiner and wife, W Langley, H Black, wife and two children, M Durco and wife, A E Edwins, wife and four children, John Ericksen.

SOCIAL PARTY.—We are in receipt of a ticket to attend a grand social party which will be given at the school house in district No 27, this (Friday) evening. The object of the party is to assist in raising funds to keep up the school until the 1st of April. Parties desiring to go from the city will be called for by leaving their orders with Geo C Sears at Wilmer & Sears' livery stable, Washington street. A conveyance will leave the Kellogg House at 3 o'clock sharp.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portland Oregon, February 24 1876.

| | 7 A M | 2 P M | 9 P M |
|---|---|---|---|
| Thermometer | 47° | 48° | 40 |
| Wind, direction | S | S | S |
| Wind, velocity | 8 | 10 | 3 |
| Weather | Rain | Cloudy | Clear |
| Minimum ther. | | | [illegible] |
| Rainfall | | | [illegible] |

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL SOCIETY.—The *Sentinel* says: "Every member of the St Vincent de Paul Society who desires to preserve his membership in the conference of the Immaculate Conception will attend [illegible] o'clock Mass on Sunday, March 5th, at which time the rules compel all members to approach holy Communion in a body."

PORTLAND R. A. CHAPTER.—A special meeting will be held this evening at 7 o'clock for the purpose of conferring the Royal Arch Degree. All members and sojourning companions are invited to be present. As many companions as can make it convenient will meet at the hall at 2 o'clock P M to-day for the same purpose.

BILL IGNORED.—Yesterday the grand jury in the case of State vs D J Quimby, charged with the crime of adultery, returned not a true bill. The defendant was discharged and his bonds exonerated. Mrs Palmer, the complaining witness in the case, left yesterday on the steamer for her mother's home in [illegible].

DISCHARGED CONVICT.—In police court yesterday morning the cases of F. H. King and Thos Tice, arrested on a charge of using obscene and abusive language, was called for trial. Tice was discharged and the case against King was continued until Saturday morning for trial.

NO PREMIUM.—From and after February [illegible] the postmaster will [illegible] any premium on coin in payment for money orders, postal cards, envelopes and stamps, as the government does not [illegible] in the face value between [illegible].

APPOINTED ADMINISTRATRIX.—Mrs Mary [illegible] Ellsworth has been appointed administratrix of the estate of the late [illegible] Ellsworth. Mr Robert Lake [illegible] Mr Ellsworth's unfinished [illegible] addressed at Union, Oregon.

OUT AGAIN.—The numerous friends of M J Gleason will be happy to learn that he is able to be about again after his long confinement from the serious accident he met with from the explosion of a kerosene lamp.

## VESSEL WRECKED.

THE SCHOONER LIZZIE [illegible] ON THE SANDS AT YAQUINA BAY AND WRECKED.

Capt. J. J. Winant, master of the schooner *L[illegible]*, arrived here yesterday from Yaquina Bay, bringing intelligence of the loss of the vessel and cargo. Several weeks ago the schooner *L[illegible]* sailed from San Francisco for Yaquina Bay, bringing a cargo of merchandise. She reached her destination in safety, and after being detained there sixteen days sailed for San Francisco Wednesday morning, the [illegible] inst., with a cargo of oysters [illegible]. In passing over Yaquina Bar the wind [illegible] away, leaving the schooner to drift about in a helpless manner. After drifting around for some time the anchor was dropped and the vessel was held for an hour, when a heavy sea swept in and drove the schooner on South beach, where she was speedily [illegible], the water breaking violently over her. [illegible] larger and [illegible] the crew [illegible] the shore in small boats. No lives were lost, all hands reaching the land safely. The vessel and cargo are almost a total loss, and are estimated to be worth $[illegible]. Soon after the wreck a survey was held and it was decided at once that there was no chance of getting the vessel off the sand, and she was sold at auction for $[illegible]. The crew left Yaquina on foot for Coos Bay, from which port they expected to embark for San Francisco. Capt. Winant came overland to this city and sailed last evening on the *Ajax* for San Francisco. There is a very remarkable coincidence connected with the loss of the *L[illegible]*. Three schooners, the *L[illegible]*, *C[illegible]* and *Harriet Lane*, sailed from San Francisco on the same day bound for ports along the northern coast. All these vessels have been lost: the *Carolita* at Port Orford, the *Harriet Lane* somewhere on the California coast, and the *L[illegible]* at Yaquina. The *L[illegible]* was built three years ago at Alsea and was regarded as a very staunch and seaworthy craft.

## BRIEF NOTES.

Fourth street needs repairing in many places.

Now is the winter of our discontent but it is not made glorious yet.

There is no end to complaints about the delay and irregularities of the mails.

The past few days of pleasant weather had the effect to dry up the streets and sidewalks.

Remember the grand vocal and instrumental concert this evening at New Market Theatre.

The clouds hung low yesterday and seemed ready and willing to send down their garnered fullness.

During Wednesday night a drenching rain descended and as per consequence the streets resembled miniature lakes early yesterday morning.

March is generally accused of raising all the "rude winds," but February has sent a number of healthy zephyrs howling about our editorial den.

The wooded hills south and west of the city were enveloped yesterday forenoon with a veil like mist. A warm wind came up about noon and soon dispelled it.

It was awful funny—at least the crowd thought so. Yesterday, a large and portly gentleman, clad in costly broadcloth, with a silk tile rashly ventured to tread on a portion of sidewalk covered with green moss. There was a dull thud, the crowd looked and laughed and the gentleman aforesaid scrambled up and walked off with a face red as a boiled lobster. He wasn't mad—oh! no.

## RELIGIOUS NOTES.

The following notes are collated from the *Advocate*:

There will probably be two new church buildings erected in Albany this season which will give that city nine houses of worship.

The *Western Advocate* says Rev David Rutledge is making a fine impression as presiding elder of Delaware district, central Ohio, conference.

Next Sabbath afternoon at 3 o'clock there will be a Sunday school concert at the Plymouth Mission Sunday school, Couch's Addition, corner of Fourteenth and F streets.

The meetings held in the East Portland M E church each night this week, have so far been of much interest and profit. A number of persons have professed conversion, several have united with the Church, and the membership have been greatly encouraged.

Friday evening, March 7th, the Normal Class of Taylor street M E Sunday school, under the direction of Prof. Herron, will hold its first session. The object of this organization is for teachers to go through a course of Bible study, and the discussion of methods of teaching in our Sunday schools.

## AMUSEMENTS.

SECOND GRAND CONCERT.—This evening the second grand vocal and instrumental concert in aid of the Portland Library Association will be given at New Market Theater under the auspices of the Amateur Musical Society of this city. An excellent programme will be rendered on the occasion. Four orchestral pieces will be rendered by the members of the society, the remainder of the programme consisting of vocal and instrumental selections by a number of the best amateur talent the city can afford. To those who attend a rich musical treat is in reserve. Mr Simon Harris will act as orchestral conductor. It is wholly unnecessary for us to urge our citizens to attend. No institution in the city is more deserving than the Portland Library Association and we feel confident that the generous public recognizing this fact, will respond with that measure of liberality for which they are proverbial. Reserved seats can be obtained at Pfunder's drug store.

## THE COURTS.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT—SHATTUCK, J.

THURSDAY, Feb 24 1876.

F Kennedy vs R. W Walker et al, decision on motion to dismiss appeal continued until Saturday with leave to defendant to file new undertaking.

Lewis Johnson vs R Rosenfeld et al, motion to dismiss appeal overruled.

John Dunnerberg vs C M Rohr et al, motion for new trial granted upon payment of costs of first trial.

J F Jones excused from further attendance on the court as a juror.

Nancy J Dray vs H L Dray, suit for decree of divorce, default of defendant entered.

John Dougherty vs John Fox, verdict for defendant.

A A Cohn excused from attendance on the court as a juror until March.

Miller Marshall & Co vs Gates & Olds, motion made for leave to file amended complaint argued, motion allowed on the payment of $10.

## A WRONG IMPRESSION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Please correct a statement made in your issue of this morning. I have no intention whatever of delivering any lecture or lectures on Masonry. Mr White is engaged in copying a series of photographic views taken in and around the Temple at Jerusalem in connection with the remarkable discoveries that have recently been made by the Palestine Exploration Society under the direction of Capt. Warren R. E. For three years I have been deeply interested in the subject of the important explorations and excavations made in the East, and should I venture to give a lecture on this interesting subject, although it might and would be more particularly interesting to the brethren of the mystic tie, so would it be deeply interesting and I trust instructive to all who would attend, although it would be by no means a lecture on Masonry.

F C HOLDEN

Portland Feb [illegible] 1876

## PERSONAL.

David P Parker, Esq, special agent of the post office department, who has been doing the various government offices, sailed on the steamer for San Francisco.

Ex Senator Corbett and his lady sailed on the *Ajax* last evening for San Francisco *en route* for the East. Mr Corbett goes on business to New York and will be absent some three or four months.

Mr S D Backenstos, who has been in very poor health for the past few days, takes his departure on the *Ajax* for San Francisco this evening. During his absence from this city his clerk E I Backenstos will look after his business and will be glad to see any one who may want their houses etc insured.

LOST.—A bunch of keys among which was a small brass key and another a postoffice box key. The finder will please leave at this office.

## THE PLUMBER'S BRIDE.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

CHAPTER I.—A poor but honest plumber loved passionately the beautiful and accomplished only daughter of a wealthy temperance lecturer. She returned his affection, but the stern father forbade her to associate with her lover and said that if ever he caught him in the house he'd kick him from here to breakfast.

CHAPTER II.—The lovers met by stealth and exchanged their mutual vows. "Dear one, Maud," said the gallant young plumber, "old Probs says there is an area of low temperature in the lakes and northwest. I'm [illegible] your father's pipes will freeze, and frozen pipes, my Maud, my own, are like love: they [illegible]. And now farewell." He clasped her to his bosom and when they parted she had a black spot on her right cheek and he had a [illegible] pearl powder on his mouth.

CHAPTER III.—The morrow came. The thermometer went down and coal went up. Boys found it an unprofitable investment to test the quality of lamppost with their tongues. Maud's father's water pipes were frozen. He sent for a plumber to come pretty blessed quick. Maud's lover came in a candle, stuck some light [illegible] newspaper under the sink and said they were frozen at sixteen feet down. "Thaw them," said the stern old man, "and a [illegible] ransom shall be yours." "I ask not so much," replied the noble youth. "Name your reward. My children are dying of thirst before my eyes and the hired woman says it won't wash." Then said the plumber boldly, "give me your daughter." "Never," said the haughty aristocrat, and with one kick he launched the plumber over the back steps and threw his furnace and carpet bag after him.

CHAPTER IV.—"I'll thaw 'em out myself, dum me if I don't," said the old man as he took a lighted candle and went down to the cellar. He found a leaden pipe and applied the flame to it. "Ha ha!" he laughed scornfully. "I had rather be a toad and feed in the loathsome dungeons of a viper than pay a plumber for a work I can do myself. Ha! ha! ha!" He had hardly uttered the words when a tremendous explosion followed and the first thing he knew he was oblivious of everything.

CHAPTER V.—When he recovered he was lying on a couch in his own house. He heard a smack and said "What'n the thunder's that?" "He lives, he lives!" cried his daughter, appearing at his side with a black patch on her left cheek. "Heaven be praised!" sobbed the plumber as he wiped some pearl powder off his nose. "O pa!" said his daughter, "you tried to thaw out the gas pipes! But Thomas saved you, and turned off the cock and the water is on now." Tears sprang to the eyes of the hardened man and he huskily cried: "Thomas, take her. Maud you are his. Send out the servant and let her order clergymen for two. And now clear out and do your hugging somewhere else, for it's enough to make a horse sick." "Maud!" "Thomas!" The end.

## LONGFELLOW'S HOME.

Longfellow's house at Cambridge is thus described by a writer in *Harper's Monthly*:

"Its age, as compared with that of other Cambridge houses, is not great. It was built in 1759 by Col John Vassall, a firm loyalist, who fled to England in 1775, his property in Cambridge and Boston having been confiscated. Its next occupant was Col John Glover, a bold little Marblehead soldier, who quartered some of his troops in the spacious structure. When Washington rode into Cambridge on Sunday, June 2 1775, he was greatly pleased with the appearance of the house and having had it cleansed, he established himself therein during the same month. Martha Washington arrived at the house in December, and Washington remained in it till April of the following year.

"The owners of the house after the revolution were Nathaniel Tracy (whom Washington visited for an hour in 1789), Thomas Russel and Dr Andrew Craigie. Talleyrand and Lafayette slept in it, and in 1833 Jared Sparks commenced to keep house within its historic rooms. Everett and Worcester the lexicographer also occupied it for a time, and Mr Longfellow took up his abode in it in 1837.

At first he merely rented a room, establishing himself in Washington's southeast bed chamber. Here he wrote 'Hyperion' and 'Voices of the Night.' In the dwelling in one room and another, almost all of his books, save the two which date from his Bowdoin professorship, have been produced. Longfellow had not been long an occupant of the house before he had bought it. Its timbers are perfectly sound, the lawn in front is neatly kept, and across the street there stretches a green meadow as far as the banks of the Charles, bought by the poet to preserve his view. Mr Longfellow himself, as he draws near seventy, is a fine picture of beautiful manhood. It has been remarked by his friends that his health has much improved since he delivered his poem, 'Morituri Salutamus' at the fiftieth anniversary of his graduation. And all Cambridge down to coal heavers and hod carriers reveres him not only as a poet, but as a kind and gentle man.

MORRISSEY FOR COMMON SCHOOLS.—John Morrissey made a good speech recently in the New York Senate. Though representing "the most Catholic district in the United States," and himself a kind of a Catholic, he frankly committed himself to the support of the common school system. There is something both manly and touching in this extract from his maiden effort at speech making: "I am not here to represent any religious creed. I have no prejudices in that way. As far as the common schools are concerned, what education I have got, Mr President, I received in those schools. It is very little, and I know and feel the necessity of education. I appreciate the want of education more, perhaps, than any gentleman around this circle, and Mr President, no person in this Senate will go farther or do more to throw safeguards around and protect our common school system than I will."—*Pittsburgh Leader*.

ETTA'S MANEUVER.—A friend of the writer residing on a farm in Illinois has a four year old daughter named Etta, who frequently amuses herself by placing the chairs in a row and calling them a train of cars. One evening, while thus engaged, Mr B—, a friend of the family, called and unthinkingly occupied one of the cars. Miss Etta, not wishing to have her play disturbed, stepped up and said "Mister, dis is a train of tars." "Oh!" said Mr B—, "then I'll be a passenger and take a ride." Little Etta was not at all satisfied. After hesitating a moment, she said "Where do ou want to dit off?" Mr B— replied, "I'll get off at Bloomington." "Well," said Etta demurely, "dis is de place."—*Harper's Magazine for February*.

FOR EUGENE CITY.—Next Saturday at 12 o'clock midday the steamer *Champion* will leave this place bound for Eugene City.

Dr Wadman will be at the Occidental Hotel, Seattle, for a few days on or about 21 of March. Persons desiring relief and positive cure of Hemorrhoids or Piles and Fistula in ano will please call on him. Well known references in Salem, Portland and Olympia. See DAILY and WEEKLY OREGONIAN of 2d and 3d week in February.

W. I. ADAMS, M.D., A.M., LL.D., corner of First and Salmon streets, is curing the most inveterate chronic diseases of all kinds at a low price by medicated electric lightning cream baths and by combining the German and French with the American improved practice, mixed with a little common sense. His treatment is in the main entirely original and works almost miracles, as his numerous patients will attest. A lady always in the office to assist in treating women. tf

## AT ITS OLD TRICK.

We see by the Eastern papers that the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines have taken the medal at the Mechanics' Fair, New York, again.

A large and elegant assortment of cloths [illegible] by the [illegible] steamer and will be disposed of with the present stock, which is varied and all worthy of inspection at Fishel & Roberts.

Indulge in a meal served at the Centennial Chop House.

The pleasant weather yesterday induced an unusual crowd to visit [illegible].

K. of P.—Excelsior Lodge No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock in Castle Hall, corner First and Taylor streets. Members of Sister Lodges and sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend. THEO. BARKER, C. C.
E F A SHAW, K. of R. S.

## THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The road is now [illegible] by a Board of Directors elected by the bondholders who converted their [illegible] into preferred stock. Mr Wright, President of the road, says to these stockholders:

Your road is constructed and in operation from the western end of Lake Superior to the Missouri river at Bismarck, a distance of 450 miles. This is called the Minnesota and Dakota Division. At its crossing of the Red river it connects by lines of steamers with the prosperous and rapidly increasing Canadian Province of Manitoba. It reaches by connecting steamers on the Missouri river [illegible] with Montana, a territory of immense [illegible] wealth and [illegible] valleys. Its large transportation for the government [illegible] military stores and supplies [illegible] and United States mails [illegible] by the [illegible] this division.

The Pacific Division [illegible] is completed and in operation from the deep waters of the Columbia river [illegible] to the terminus on Puget Sound, a distance of 105 miles. At Tacoma the [illegible] steamers and the steamers navigating the Sound make daily connections with our trains, running south to Columbia river [illegible] the city of Portland, Oregon.

Notwithstanding the continued financial depression of the country the traffic on both divisions in 1875 was a satisfactory increase over that of previous years. The gross receipts of the [illegible] completed road for 1875 were $[illegible]. The net income was $152,140.

Every mile of the road built has been accepted by the government and this entitles the company to 10,[illegible] acres of land under the charter. This land the company is selling rapidly to settlers at prices thus far averaging $5 per acre. The country through which the completed road runs is becoming rapidly settled, agriculture is being developed, the surplus products already form a large proportion of the carrying business of the road. The climate is noted for its salubrity and uniformity and the lands are unsurpassed in adaptability for raising wheat and the other cereals.

It is intended that the work of construction will be resumed the present season, and when the financial condition of the country improves the road will be pushed forward to completion. Meanwhile the existing valuable estate and property of the company will be well taken care of and economically administered.

The equipment of the road is ample and of the very best character so that no expenditure in that direction will soon be required.

Nine tenths of the bonds issued have been surrendered under the plan of reorganization and are being converted into preferred stock. The small amount outstanding is coming in as fast as can reasonably be expected. By May next it is believed that your board of directors will be able to show the extraordinary fact of 555 miles of a thoroughly well constructed and equipped railroad free from a bonded or floating debt, a fact believed to be unparalleled in this country.

The certificates of your preferred stock are now being issued in exchange for the 7 3-10 bonds at the rate of $1,400 for every $1,000 of the principal of the bonds, which includes interest thereon to July 1, 1875. This preferred stock is receivable at par for the company's lands east of the Missouri river. The preferred stock will be entitled to dividends at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum before the common stock is permitted to participate in dividends to any extent.—*Chicago Tribune*.

## JEFFERSON ITEMS.

Under date of the 24th our correspondent sends the following:

A L Stinson has moved to Albany.

The Hosiery is rented, but not running.

J M Metzler had three of his finger ends cut off and his thumb mangled by a circular saw.

The *City of Salem* made its first visit and carried away considerable wheat for Salem on last Saturday.

Jefferson offers to the interior country superior facilities for *cheap water* transportation from the Pacific ocean.

Jefferson boasts of a musical prodigy in the person of a seven year old girl. A challenge to compete is tendered.

The sale of the institute building lots are restricted to persons who will obligate themselves not to sell intoxicating liquors.

## REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A Republican State Convention is hereby called to convene in the city of Portland Wednesday May 3d 1876 at 11 o'clock A. M. to select six delegates to the National Republican Convention, candidates for [illegible] supreme court in the second, third and fifth judicial districts, for prosecuting attorneys for the several judicial districts, the presidential electors and a candidate for representative in Congress, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the convention.

It is recommended that primary and county conventions in the several counties be held as follows: Primary conventions on Wednesday April 19th, and county conventions on Wednesday April [illegible]th, or at such other times as the county committees may appoint.

The following is the apportionment of delegates in the said convention on the basis of the Republican vote for representative in Congress in 18[illegible]:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Baker | [illegible] | Linn | [illegible] |
| Benton | [illegible] | Marion | [illegible] |
| Clackamas | [illegible] | Multnomah | [illegible] |
| Clatsop | [illegible] | Polk | [illegible] |
| Columbia | [illegible] | Tillamook | [illegible] |
| Coos | [illegible] | Union | [illegible] |
| Curry | [illegible] | Umatilla | [illegible] |
| Douglas | [illegible] | Wasco | [illegible] |
| Grant | [illegible] | Washington | [illegible] |
| Jackson | [illegible] | Yamhill | 8 |
| Josephine | [illegible] | | |
| Lake | [illegible] | Total | [illegible] |
| Lane | [illegible] | | |

In making this call for a Republican State Convention the State Central Committee readily [illegible] the fact that too much importance cannot be attached to preliminary operations. This being a government of the people, by the people, for the people, the agents or officers of the government should be in accord with the people. According to the generally accepted plan of selecting candidates the first steps are taken in our primary county and State conventions. These form the ground work of political organization upon which the whole superstructure must stand or fall. If honest men desire honest officials is it asking too much that they lay aside for a day all other business affairs and devote the time necessary to select proper persons to attend county and State conventions?

In view of these considerations and of the important interests at stake we earnestly appeal to all legal voters who are in sympathy with the *principles* of the Republican party, regardless of personal likes and dislikes, to rally at the primaries and see to it that none but true men are entrusted with the business of preparing for the coming political campaign. Select men who are not only true themselves in the broadest sense of that term but men of *de[illegible]*, men who can and will choose wisely for the good of the people in defiance of 'rings' and cliques.

It is unnecessary at this time to reiterate in this call the principles of the Republican party. Its glorious record is still fresh in the memory of an enlightened public. It is sound upon all the great principles affecting our national existence. It is the party of progress and development. It exposes corruption wherever found and inflicts punishment upon conspirators fearful and sudden, without respect of person or position. It favors the universal enlightenment of the people without trammel of creed or ism, and its banner is found in the van leading on the hosts of reformers in all that tends to higher civilization and enlarged freedom.

L. B. SCOTT, Chairman.
J. C. MORELAND, Secretary *pro tem*.

MRS. DR. B. A. OWENS,
Office and residence east side First Street between Yamhill and Taylor. Special attention given to Women and Children complaints. Also gives Medicated Vapor Baths in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases.

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APOTHECARY & CHEMIST,
Ankeny's New Market Theater Block, Portland, Oregon.
Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.

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CHANCE & WELCH,
Dentists,
Office—FIRST STREET,
(Odd Fellows Temple.)

The Celebrated Double Elastic
SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS
Are for sale by all dealers in Stationery.
For the convenience of those who may wish to try them, Sample Cards, containing one each of the 15 numbers will be sent by mail on receipt of 25 cts.
IVISON, BLAKEMAN, TAYLOR & CO.
138 and 140 Grand st., New York.
d2 d&w 1m

A Suggestion to the Nervous.
Robust people who have all their lives eaten, digested and slept well can scarcely be expected to appreciate the blessing of strong nerves as well as those who having undergone all the misery entailed by weak ones have eventually regained their nervous vigor. In order to experience the unspeakable relief of a change from a [illegible] and restful to a vigorous and tranquil condition of the nervous system, the nervous invalid should try a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Under the bracing and soothing influence of that benign tonic and nervine appetite returns, digestion becomes complete and painless, and sleep revisits weary eyes. The causes of nervous weakness are to be found in imperfect digestion and assimilation and the feeble performance of other vital functions resulting therefrom. The Bitters remove these causes as well as the nervous symptoms which they produce.

TOO YOUNG TO DIE.—Thousands of young persons between the ages of 15 and [illegible] die of consumption every one of whom might have been saved by using HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR when the cough first set in.
Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

A Universal Remedy.—*Brown's Bronchial Troches* for Coughs, Colds and [illegible] and Bronchial Affections stand first in public favor and confidence; this result has been acquired by a test of many years.

TWO OR THREE [illegible] will often establish the seeds of [illegible] in the system, converting what was originally a trifle, curable affection into [illegible]. Well [illegible] prudence therefore [illegible] the [illegible] of very one to rid [illegible] of [illegible] Dr Jayne's Expectorant [illegible] Bronchitis.

Why has Sozodont [illegible] the staple Dentifrice [illegible] America? Simply because it is the [illegible] its [illegible] without [illegible] the teeth, the gums [illegible] breath.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellows' Temple, corner of First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every [illegible] evening at 7½ o'clock in Odd Fellows' Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

SCHOOL TAXES
FOR THE YEAR [illegible] MUST BE PAID ON OR before the first day of March [illegible] I WILL collect the same by levy and sale of property. I am now taking the census [illegible] will be in my office from [illegible]
GEO. W. MURRAY,
Clerk School District No. 1.
Portland, Feb [illegible] 1876. td

E. MARTIN & CO.
O. S. N. Co. Block, Portland, Ogn. | 408 Front St., San Francisco.
IMPORTERS OF
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,
And SOLE AGENTS for the following Celebrated WHISKIES
J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon.
J. H. Cutter Old Rye.
Miller's Extra Old Bourbon.
J. F. Cutter Old Bourbon.
J. F. Cutter Old Rye.

OYSTERS, FISH AND GAME.
W. L. HIGGINS,
Proprietor of
UNION MARKET.
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Poultry, Game, Fish,
Oysters and Salt Fish of all kinds,
Highest Cash Price paid for all kinds of Choice Game.
Washington st., between First and Second.
Goods delivered Free of Charge.

Shoalwater Bay Oysters
SERVED DAILY AT THE
PIONEER
RESTAURANT & CHOP HOUSE.
Washington Street, bet. First and Front.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
Private Rooms for Ladies, Gentlemen or Parties.
Orders out of the house promptly attended to.
A. FOURNIER,
L. WILBRON.

GEM
OYSTER ROOMS!
5,000 Eastern Oysters
Fresh Lot Shoalwater Bays
NOW ON HAND.
EASTERN AND SHOALWATER BAY
OYSTERS!
In Every Style at the
"OXFORD," Oak Street,
BRANCH SALOON in the Clarendon Hotel.
WALLER & SON.
Shoalwater Bay Oysters 50c per hundred.

EDUCATIONAL.
For Business Training of Both Sexes
NATIONAL BUSINESS COLLEGE.
H. M. DeFRANCE, Pres. W. L. WHITE, Sec.
GUARANTEES A THOROUGH BUSINESS Education. Day and Evening Sessions Continuous.
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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.
BARBER & NICKLIN,
DENTISTS,
With Hatch & Thompson,
No. 109 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

REMOVAL.
DR. ALFRED KINNEY has removed his Office and Residence to the Northwest corner of Alder and East Park streets (double house) where he can be found at any time.

REMOVAL.
DOCTOR W. H. CARDWELL HAS REmoved his office to the corner of First and Morrison, in the same office with Doctor J. A. Chapman. He can be found at his office at all hours either day or night when not professionally absent.

REMOVED.
DR. STRONG HAS REMOVED TO THE RESIdence Corner of Fourth and Salmon streets where he may be found outside of office hours. Office as before. No. [illegible] Dekum's Building. [illegible]

MALLOY'S SALOON,
Washington Street, bet. Front and First.
IS OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. GIVE HIM A call. He is always on hand with the best [illegible] in his line.

MRS. KING,
DRESS MAKER,
Up Stairs over Mrs W[illegible]'s Store, Third and Morrison streets.

S. SHERLOCK,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Saddlery, Harness, Saddlery Hardware, Hill's Concord Sing and Double Buggy Harness, &c., &c.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TEAM HARNESS ON HAND.
No. 61 Front Street and No. 62 First Street, Portland.
In Stock, a Fine Assortment of Horse Blankets and Buggy Robes.

OREGON IRON WORKS—ALBINA.
THE OREGON IRON WORKS ARE NOW PREPARED, AND HAVE SUPERIOR Facilities at their NEW WORKS in ALBINA for Manufacturing every Description of
PORTABLE, STATIONARY, HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE ENGINES AND BOILERS, HOUSE CASTINGS,
Machinery for Grist Mills and Saw Mills, Ornamental Fence Work, Iron and Brass Castings of every description.
THE REPAIRING OF BOILERS AND MACHINERY PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Have a LARGE STOCK of PATTERNS on HAND which is Unexcelled for Variety and Quality.
FIRST CLASS WORK DONE at the LOWEST MARKET RATES. Special Attention given to STEAMBOAT and BOILER WORK. Steam Fitting done. Steam Gauges tested and repaired.
Will buy Cast Scrap Iron, Brass, Copper and Lead.
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JOHN SINNAMON, Superintendent,
Late Superintendent of Ames Iron Works, Oswego, New York.

WILLAMET IRON WORKS,
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CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "E" STREET.
P. FITTSOGEN, Secretary. R. R. THOMPSON, President. PETER TAYLOR, Vice President.
Iron and Brass Founders, Boiler Makers, General Machinists And Engine Builders,
MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE
High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS; Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Quartz, Mining and Agricultural Machinery.
WATER WHEELS, of several patterns, equal to any imported, on hand and made to order, of any size. Agents for the celebrated Moore & Parker Water Wheel, cheaper than any first class Wheel.
REPAIRING OF MACHINERY AND BOILERS promptly attended to and executed with neatness and dispatch.
THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS North of San Francisco. No charge for the use of them.
Agents for Knowles' Patent Steam Pump, the best in use. Also, Agents for the Ammoniacal Preparation for the Prevention and Removal of Boiler Scale.
DeGroot's Ornamental Iron Fence; a variety of Beautiful Patterns for Cemeteries, etc.
House Castings, Etc., Etc.
ja1 tf
JAMES LOTAN, Superintendent.

CITY FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP
JOHN HONEYMAN & CO.
Corner Columbia and Front Sts., Portland, Oregon.
HAVING recently rebuilt and enlarged our Works, we are now prepared to fill all orders for any Work in our line, viz:
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY ENGINES, GRIST AND SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, IRON FRONTS.
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS of every description furnished at short notice at lowest market rates.
Repairing promptly attended to.
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J. STRAHLE & CO'S
STANDARD
BILLIARD TABLES,
With the Celebrated
Delaney's Patent Steel Wire Cushions.
The Best and only Reliable Tables Manufactured.
FOUR NEW STYLES,
Nonpareil, Grecian Curve,
Inlaid Bevels, California Bevels.
The Delaney Patent Cushions are endorsed by the following scientific judges, whose decision is certainly worthy the consideration of Amateurs: A. Garnier, Ubassy, Vignaux, The Dions, A. P. Rudolph, Maurice Daly, A. Kraker, etc., as the only
PERFECT BILLIARD CUSHION of the DAY.
The largest and finest stock of Billiard Tables ever displayed in this city, and with increased facilities for manufacturing, we are prepared to sell at a
Great Reduction On Former Prices.

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| First Class New Inlaid Bevel Table | $325 00 |
| First Class New California Bevel Table | 350 00 |
| Complete with all Appurtenances. | |
| Second hand Billiard Tables, Straight or Beveled, but little used, at from | $125 00 to $250 00 |

ALSO,
New, Attractive & Beautiful Pool Tables.

| | |
|---|---|
| American Pool Table, six pockets complete, Wooden Bed | $175 00 |
| Same—slate | 200 00 |
| Pigeon Hole Tables—New Plain | 90 00 |
| Same—New Style, finished in Laurel | 100 00 |

BALLS, CLOTHS, CUES,
And everything appertaining to Billiards.
The well known reputation of our Old Established House is a sure guarantee to the purchaser against misrepresentation. Before purchasing elsewhere, we invite the trade and the public to examine our stock and compare the prices.
JACOB STRAHLE & CO.,
ja12d2m3p 533 Market street, San Francisco.

HURD'S RAZOR BLADE
Axes and Hatchets!
An Invoice of above just received and
FOR SALE LOW.
Shelf and Builders' Hardware.
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
&c., &c., at
JOHN R. FOSTER'S,
67 FRONT STREET, CORNER STARK.

MILLER, MARSHALL & CO.,
OF
"OREGON CITY MILLS,"
ANNOUNCE TO THE TRADE THAT THEY ARE now manufacturing Flour with the aid of the best
MIDDLINGS PURIFIERS,
and feel warranted in asserting that our hitherto Extra Manufacture is much improved by the NEW PROCESS, which we believe a fair trial will demonstrate. Also SUPERFINE FLOUR and MILL OFFALS always on hand and quoted at the lowest market rates.
Address all orders as above.
Oregon City, Or. Oct 1st 1875.

W. J. Q.
(BILLY,)
OAK STREET—near First.

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MARCUS M. SPAULDING. MORTON M. SPAULDING.
SPAULDING BROS.
Stalls 1 and 2 Central Market,
Wholesale & Retail Butchers.
FINEST MEATS IN THE MARKET.
Free Delivery to all parts of the city.

A. H. JOHNSON,
Stalls 25, 27 and 28 Central Market,
Dealer in all kinds of
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PACKER OF BEEF AND PORK.
Highest Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock.

CHRIS. SCHLOTH,
Washington St., near Third,
Is prepared to supply Fresh
Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.
Free delivery to any part of the city.

J. S. KELLER,
Cor. Madison and First Streets,
Is prepared to supply Fresh
Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

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E. H. GARLING.
Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS.
All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

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W. W. PIPER,
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Office over Home Insurance Co.'s office, 72 First st.

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GENERAL STOCK AND MONEY BROKER.
Has Removed to 70 First Street.
Notes discounted. Bills negotiated. Currency and Gold Dust Bought and Sold.

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### Amendments to the Constitution of the Library Association.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER MADE AT THE Annual Meeting of the Library Association of Portland held at the Library Rooms on the evening of Saturday, the 5th instant, I hereby give notice that at an adjourned meeting of said Association to be held at the Rooms aforesaid at half past 7 o'clock P. M. of Wednesday, March 1, 1876, an amendment to Article II of the Constitution of said Association will be proposed and considered for the purpose of authorizing and providing for Perpetual Memberships in said Association, and the disposition and use of the funds arising from the sale of said memberships.

HENRY A. OXER,
Recording Secretary Library Association.
February 8 1876. fe9d15t

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## FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

### Financial

[illegible] EVENING, Feb [illegible] 1876

Gold in New York [illegible]

Legal tenders in Portland buying [illegible] selling [illegible]

Coin Exchange on San Francisco at par

Currency Exchange on San Francisco [illegible] per cent premium

Coin Exchange on New York ½ per cent premium

Telegraphic transfers on New York 1 per cent premium

Currency Exchange on New York ½ per cent premium

Gold Bars 750 par

The approach of the regular monthly collection day brings out the question of the depreciation in silver and it is manifest that the 5 limit cannot be maintained in this community with advantage to any branch of business. Some may charge the discount on all sums over that; others will sell at silver prices and allow the premium for gold; more will receive silver in all sums which they can pay out and still others will continue to work on the same plan as heretofore, taking what silver they are obliged to and all they can get in doubtful cases rather than lose a customer. There are many who express the belief that the discount will not be continued for more than three or four months before measures to remedy the difficulty will begin to operate and for that time the question should be managed by business men as best they may be able without the imposition of any arbitrary rule.

### Wheat Supplies

The *Commercial News* of San Francisco furnishes the following table of the wheat supply in California.

The *Produce Exchange* on Jan 1 1876 made the

| | Centals |
|---|---|
| Entire stock in the State of California | 2 690 2[illegible]8 |
| And 57 786 bbls flour which reduced to wheat equals | 173 801 |
| Total stock | 864 216 |
| | Tons |
| Which reduced to tons gives | 143 [illegible]15 |
| We have exported from Jan 1st to date | 56 132 |
| Vessels now on the berth will take | 18 000 |
| Making total quantity shipped and loading | 74 193 |
| Which substracted from the total stock, leaves | 70 022 |
| To this must be added receipts from Oregon since Jan 1st | 2 116 |
| Leaving the actual stock Feb 12th | 72 1[illegible]8 |

The leading millers and dealers estimate the consumption of wheat for milling purposes alone for the entire State at 12,500 tons per month and as we will have no new wheat fit for milling prior to July 15th, we shall require 62,500 tons for milling alone. A good deal of wheat is also used for distilling enough to consume the balance of stock.

The report of grain stocks in the Chicago warehouses shows a comparative deficiency in wheat, corn and oats, and an excess in rye and barley. The figures at the close of January in each year are as follows:

| Year | 187[illegible] | 1876 |
|---|---|---|
| Wheat, bushels | 3 439 700 | 2 705 800 |
| Corn | 1 526 000 | 1 183 500 |
| Oats | 541 800 | 441,100 |
| Rye | 14,800 | 189,200 |
| Barley | 292,400 | 263,100 |

A dispatch from New York city dated February 12th, says: There has been a slight rally in the wheat market this week, the low and medium grades of spring closing three to five cents higher. The improvement is due to increased shipments to Great Britain, in anticipation of higher prices there, consequent upon the decreasing supplies.

It was estimated that 25 000 tons remained unsold in our own State on the 1st of the present month. The amount sold but not shipped was placed at 15,000 tons on the same date which with 5 000 tons to come from Walla Walla would give 45 000 for export from Feb. 1st. The shipments to that date to all ports from our State were 92,460 tons and since that the exports have been 14 805 tons, making 107,265 tons for the harvest year to date, and leaving an estimated surplus of 30 595 tons yet for export.

### Liverpool Wheat Market.

The following is our special cablegram of wheat quotations, direct from Liverpool to day:

LIVERPOOL, Feb 24, 1876.

OREGONIAN, Portland: To-day's Liverpool wheat market closed as follows: Oregon wheat, ex warehouse, from 10s 9d per cental; California club ex warehouse, from 10s 9d to 11s per cental. Oregon cargoes, afloat on passage to the United Kingdom, 10s 2d to 10s 6d per cental. The market is declining.
HENRY JUMP & SONS

Under these figures for Oregon and California club, the quotations for average California wheat would be 10s 1d@1s 4d, or an average of 3d@6d lower than Oregon cargoes.

### The Sugar Trade.

The *Shipping List* of New York shows largely increased imports of sugar into the United States during the year 1875 based upon the liberal home consumption of 1874 which, however, did not continue in 1875 and but for the favorable drawback on exports of refined which went into effect in April and largely increased the export trade in this article, there would have been a much less satisfactory trade and a largely increased stock on the 1st of January this year. The total receipts at New York of foreign direct in the United States during the year were 137 [illegible] hhds, 17 018 tierces, 18 [illegible] bbls, 281,206 boxes and cases, and 1 719,[illegible]7 bags, mats and baskets, making a total of 391 [illegible] tons of 2,240 lbs. Add to this 1[illegible] tons Melado and 9 871 tons domestic and coastwise receipts and we have a total of 423,273 tons, which with a stock January 1 187[illegible] of 30 103 tons gave a supply for the year of [illegible] tons. There were exported during the year 7 [illegible] tons and a stock on January 1st of 18 [illegible] tons, making a consumption of [illegible] tons in 18[illegible] against 461 [illegible] tons in 1874. Exports of refined however amounted to [illegible] tons, leaving a total actual consumption of raws of [illegible] tons or 27 817 tons less than in 1874. The receipts of raw sugar at all United States ports in 1875 were [illegible] tons which with the stock of [illegible] tons on hand Jan 1 187[illegible] gave a total supply of 71[illegible] tons. There were exported 14 [illegible] tons of raws and [illegible] tons refined and the stock Jan 1st was [illegible] tons, leaving a consumption of 621 [illegible] tons against [illegible] tons in 18[illegible]. To these totals should be added 53 500 tons domestic consumed in 18[illegible] and 48 500 tons consumed in 18[illegible].

### Domestic Produce

The wheat market is not improved much and though it is reported that some buyers are paying an advance [illegible] cents per cental above current quotations the majority [illegible] that $1 [illegible] will buy sufficient to keep up stocks and load the vessels that are coming, and claim that that figure is all that will pay anything with freights at [illegible] and prices in Liverpool as at present. But few holders are disposed to sell at current rates while exporters are as much disinclined to advance them. There is no immediate pressure on shippers to buy and they are waiting in a good deal of suspense to see which way the market will turn.

Flour is in liberal supply at this time though several State mills are doing but little because the margin for grinding is small under present prices for the raw material. The decrease in production serves however to keep the market for the manufactured article [illegible].

Oats, hay and millfeed are in fair request and prices are about as [illegible] for a fortnight. Shipments are quite large to adjacent ports and San Francisco [illegible] tions and exports under the stimulus of an active trade in San Francisco [illegible] important. Apples and pears hold their own well though rumors to the contrary are abroad. Dairy products are ample for the home trade [illegible] a full demand for shipping [illegible] with [illegible] ty [illegible] eggs [illegible] Provisions are [illegible] changed [illegible] poultry show [illegible].

### Home Produce Market

WHEAT—For an average [illegible] $1 [illegible] per cental sack [illegible]

FLOUR—Quotations: best brands $5 50 @ [illegible] outside and country brands $4 [illegible] fine and superfine $4 [illegible]

OATS—[illegible] common [illegible] black [illegible]

BARLEY—Choice brewing $1 [illegible]@1 40; feed $1 25 @1 30 ℔ cwt

MILL FEED—Bran $22 ℔ ton; shorts $30; chopped [illegible] middlings [illegible] $1 [illegible] oil cake meal $1[illegible]

DAIRY PRODUCTS—[illegible]

[illegible]

POTATOES—Common [illegible]

ONIONS—[illegible]

HAY—[illegible] $1 [illegible]

DRIED APPLES—In sacks [illegible] kegs [illegible]

RICE—[illegible]

FRESH MEATS—Beef dressed [illegible] hogs [illegible] mutton sheep [illegible]

LARD—Oregon [illegible] fresh in tins [illegible]

HIDES AND FURS—We quote best selected [illegible] green [illegible] each [illegible] mink skins $1 [illegible] each [illegible] beaver $1 [illegible]

DRIED [illegible]

BACON—Hams [illegible]

### San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb [illegible] Flour [illegible] shipping rates for extra [illegible] superfine [illegible]

Wheat [illegible] shipping to be delivered at Oakland $1 [illegible] fair milling [illegible]

Barley [illegible] $1 [illegible] brewing $1 [illegible]

Oats [illegible] $2 [illegible] good [illegible]

Corn [illegible]

Hay [illegible]

Potatoes [illegible] $1 [illegible]

Silver [illegible] per cent discount brokers buying [illegible]

Liverpool wheat market [illegible] 9s 11[illegible] for average California [illegible] for [illegible]

### Shipping Intelligence

The steamship Ajax sails for San Francisco with a full cargo of produce at [illegible] o'clock this afternoon.

The ship Hannibal has completed her cargo of wheat for Europe and will clear in a few days.

### EXPORTS.

Per Am steamship Ajax for San Francisco dispatched by the O S N Co Feb [illegible] 8 [illegible] sks flour [illegible] casks [illegible] eggs [illegible] sks onions [illegible] dried fruit [illegible] [illegible] ments [illegible] sks potatoes [illegible] apples [illegible] hops [illegible] pig [illegible] fowls [illegible] hides [illegible] bdls [illegible] deer skins [illegible] bdls hoops [illegible] bdls staves [illegible] bdls headings and [illegible] pkgs miscellaneous mdse.

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- Newberg

### WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

**Clallam Co.**
- Neah Bay
- New Dungeness
- Port Angeles

**Clarke.**
- Battle Ground
- Brush Prairie
- Lewis River
- Pioneer
- Stoughton
- Union Ridge
- *Vancouver
- Washougal

**Chehalis.**
- Cedarville
- Chehalis Point
- Elma
- Hoquiam
- Montesano
- Oakville
- Satsop
- Sharon

**Columbia.**
- Dayton
- Pataha Prairie
- Tukanon

**Cowlitz.**
- Castle Rock
- Carrolton
- Freeport
- Kalama
- Lower Cowlitz
- Martin's Bluff
- Monticello
- Mt. Coffin
- Oak Point
- Olequa
- Pekin
- Silver Lake

**Island.**
- Coupeville
- Coveland
- Utsalady

**Jefferson.**
- Port Discovery
- Port Ludlow
- *Port Townsend

**King.**
- Black River
- Dwamish
- Fall City
- *Seattle
- Slaughter
- Snoqualmie
- Squak
- White River

**Kitsap.**
- Blakely
- Port Madison

- Port William
- Port Orchard
- Seabeck
- Teekalet

**Klickitat.**
- Block House
- Columbus
- Goldendale
- Klickitat City
- White Salmon

**Lewis.**
- Boisfort
- Chehalis
- Cowlitz
- Claquato
- Little Falls
- Gleneden
- Meadow Brook
- Mossy Rock
- Napavine
- Newaukum
- Silver Creek
- Skookum Chuck
- Winlock

**Mason.**
- Arcadia
- Oakland
- Skokomish
- Sherwood's Mills

**Pierce.**
- Ellis
- Lake View
- Puyallup
- *Steilacoom
- Sumner
- New Tacoma
- *Tacoma

**Pacific.**
- Brookfield
- Bruceport
- Chinook
- Knappton
- Oysterville
- Riverside
- South Bend
- Unity
- Walton
- Woodard's Landing

**Snohomish.**
- Lowell
- Mukilteo
- Snohomish
- Tulalip

**Skamania.**
- Cascades
- Collins Landing

**Stevens.**
- Chu we lah
- Crab Creek

- Fort Colville
- Four Lakes
- Owensburgh
- Pine Grove
- Rock Creek
- Rosalia
- Spokane Bridge
- Spokane Falls
- Union Flat
- Walker's Prairie

**Thurston.**
- Beaver
- Miami Prairie
- *Olympia
- Tenino
- Tumwater
- Yelm

**Wahkiakum.**
- Cathlamet
- Eagle Cliff
- Skamokaway
- Waterford

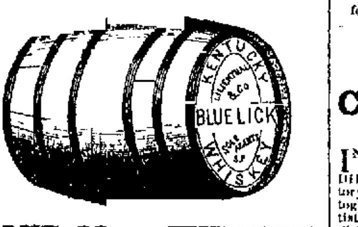
**Walla Walla.**
- Alpowa
- Burksville
- *Walla Walla
- Wallula
- *Waitsburg

**Whatcom.**
- Cedar Grove
- Chehalis
- Fidalgo
- La Conner
- Lehmhi
- Lopez
- Orcas Island
- Samish
- Semiahmoo
- Skagit
- Trudder
- Whatcom
- Guemas

**Whitman.**
- Clear Creek
- Colfax
- Ewartsville
- Litchpille
- Palouse
- Steptoe

**Yakima.**
- Attanum
- Ellensburg
- Fort Simcoe
- Kennewock
- Kittitas
- Mok See
- Nanum
- Pleasant Grove
- Selah
- Yakima

*Money Order Offices



# BLUE LICK WHISKEY.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENT for the above celebrated brand of Kentucky Whiskey I am in receipt of an invoice of the same, in barrels, half barrels and cases, which I am prepared to offer to the trade, at jobbing rates.

**H. FLECKENSTEIN,**
SOLE AGENT
**Wholesale Dealer in Wines and Liquors,**
No 147 First near Taylor street.

## State Treasurer's Notice.

TREASURER'S OFFICE
SALEM, Feb [illegible] 1876

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds in the State Treasury for the payment of the following warrants, to wit: Nos [illegible] [illegible] Interest on the above warrants will cease from this date.

Also [illegible] on hand for the payment of warrants Nos [illegible] of which the parties having said warrant in their possession on the 20th of January 187[illegible] had notice of that day.

A H. BROWN
State Treasurer

### Yamhill Street

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMMON Council of the City of Portland propose to improve that part of Yamhill street lying between the west side of First street and the east line of [illegible] street by [illegible] sidewalks and [illegible] [illegible] full width.

W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk

February [illegible]

**$50 to $5,000** invested in Stock Privileges pay large profits with limited liability. Speculators should call or write for our [illegible] page book Mercantile Idioms of Wall street and Weekly Review of Wall street. Address JOHN HICKLING & CO Bankers and Brokers 72 Broadway N Y.
**Sent Free.**

## BANKS.

# LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

## Coin & Currency Exchange

(Sight and Telegraphic,) for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO   NEW YORK,
ST LOUIS,   CHICAGO

## Bills of Exchange,

Drawn in the usual way for any sum desired on

LONDON   HONG KONG,
PARIS,   BERLIN,
FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN

# THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
## OF PORTLAND.

**Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.**

President   HENRY FAILING
Cashier   JAMES STEEL

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST LOUIS

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN

# THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

**Incorporated by Royal Charter.**

# Paid up Capital........$2,000,000

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

## $10,000 000.

HEAD OFFICE—5 East India Avenue, Leadenhall Street, London.

### BRANCHES

In Vancouver Island, British Columbia, San Francisco and Portland.

### AGENCIES

In New York, Canada, Scotland and Ireland.

Exchange for Sale on

## England, Ireland, Scotland, New York and Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.

FREDK. TOWNSEND,
Acting Manager,

## LAW CARDS.

**ELLIS G. HUGHES,**
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**
Room 1 Ankeny's Building Portland

**HUELAT & EASTHAM,**
**ATTORNEYS AT LAW.**
PORTLAND—In Opitz's new Brick, 91 First street.
OREGON CITY—Charman's Brick, up stairs

SYL. C. SIMPSON,   JNO. B. WALDO
**SIMPSON & WALDO,**
**ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,**
No 12 Dekum's Building

**WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,**
**Attorneys at Law,**
rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Glisan's Building, corner First and Ash Streets, Portland

**F. A. CHENOWETH,**
**Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.**

## HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

# ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

**Cor. Front and Morrison Sts., Portland, O.**

**PERKINS & COGGAN, Proprietors.**

The only First-Class Fire Proof Hotel in the City CONTAINING 100 WELL FURNISHED ROOMS

**Free Coach to and from the House.**

# CLARENDON HOTEL,

**ZIEBER & KNOWLES,**
**Proprietors.**

Opposite the Railroad and Steamship Offices.
Street Cars pass the House every five minutes.
**Free Coach to and from the House.**

## NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon. In Bankruptcy—In the matter of James Allen, Bankrupt. United States of America, District of Oregon, ss. A warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of James Allen, of the county of Polk, of the State of Oregon, in said District, who has been duly adjudged bankrupt upon petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts or the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or to his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Portland, in said District, on the third day of March A D 1876 at 10 o'clock A M at the office of H H Northup, room No 8 Dekum's Building, Register in Bankruptcy of said Court.

DANIEL J MALARKEY
U S Marshal as Messenger

fe19d2t

Fourteenth Year of Publication.

PORTLAND

# CITY DIRECTORY
## For 1876.

IN PRESS AND WILL BE PUBLISHED ON OR about February 1 1876 the PORTLAND CITY DIRECTORY for 1876 embracing a General Directory of Residents, a Directory of East Portland, together with a Business Directory and other Statistics relative to the Progress and Present Condition of the City.

This being the FOURTEENTH ANNUAL ISSUE of the above work, the publisher will spare no expense to render it FULLY RELIABLE and ACCURATE, his sole aim being to make the DIRECTORY useful to every citizen in Portland as a faithful annual index of the commercial condition of the city.

The CANVASSING FOR NAMES in the city and East Portland will be entrusted to reliable parties so as to insure correctness in every detail.

A Competent Canvasser will solicit for Advertisements and the Publisher hopes that the same patronage may be extended to the contemplated issue that has been received during the past twelve years.

☞ Please report all alterations in Firms or Business Removals at the office of Publication.

**S. J. McCORMICK, Publisher,**
19 First St, Portland, Oregon

## COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS ASSOCIATED WITH him in business Mr M Hexter and [illegible] business will be conducted [illegible] under the firm name of M [illegible] & Co [illegible] of the commencement of the firm to [illegible] January [illegible] Thanking my numerous customers for the liberal patronage heretofore extended [illegible] respectfully solicit a continuance of the same [illegible] the new firm.

M SELLER

### NOTICE.

ALL ACCOUNTS DUE TO M SELLER UP TO the [illegible] day of January 187[illegible] will be [illegible] by the undersigned, as also all debts owing [illegible] the foregoing date will be paid on presentation.

M SELLER

### Second Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMMON Council of the City of Portland propose to improve that part of Second street lying between the [illegible] street and the south side of [illegible] street by planing and [illegible] [illegible] full width, planking [illegible] First street with [illegible] Morrison [illegible] streets full width with [illegible] [illegible] sidewalks when necessary.

W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk

February 11 1876   [illegible]

## RAILROADS.

# Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Aug 2[illegible], 1874, at [illegible] A. M.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),
As follows

### PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

| LEAVE | | ARRIVE | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Portland | 7 [illegible] A M | Roseburg | 7 10 P |
| Roseburg | [illegible] A M | Portland | 4 15 P |

### ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows

| LEAVE | | ARRIVE | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Portland | [illegible] P M | Albany | 8.25 P M |
| Albany | [illegible] A M | Portland | 10 05 A M. |

### FREIGHT TRAINS

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

| LEAVE | | ARRIVE | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Portland | [illegible] A M | Junction | 6 00 P M |
| Junction | [illegible] A M | Portland | 5 15 P M |

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

☞ Tickets for sale to all the principal points in California and the East at Company's Office,

**Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing**
PORTLAND

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P M

J BRANDT Jr Gen'l Sup't

E P ROGERS
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

# Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION

### KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

| LEAVE | | ARRIVE | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Kalama | 11 [illegible]0 A M | Tacoma | 5 00 P M |
| Tacoma | [illegible] A M | Kalama | 12 30 P M |

CONNECTIONS

At **Kalama** with O S N Co's Boats for all points on Columbia River.

At **Tenino** with stages for Olympia.

At **Tacoma** with Steamers for Seattle, Olympia and all other points on Puget Sound.

On Saturday and Wednesday at [illegible] A M with steamers for Port Townsend, Victoria, Nanaimo, New Westminster and Fraser River.

And on the 10th and 25th of each month for SAN FRANCISCO with Pacific Mail Steamship Co's first class Iron Screw Steamship

### CITY OF PANAMA.

Through fare from Portland to San Francisco:
**Cabin** $25 00 | **Steerage** $12 00

Through tickets for sale at the office of the O S N Co, Portland, Or.

J W SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent.

H W FAIRWEATHER
General Ticket Agent

## LIVERY AND HACK STABLES,

# OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY

### OFFICE & HACK STABLE,

**N. W. Corner of Second and Stark Street**

Until further notice our Carriage Rates will be as follows:

Calling and Riding in City Limits $1 00 an hour
To or from Trains and Steamboats, 50 cents each person
To and from Concerts, Theaters, Balls and Parties $1 00 a couple
Funerals each Hack $1 00 an hour
☞ All orders given to our Drivers or left at the office will be promptly attended to day or night.

# E. CORBETT'S
# Livery, Hack & Feed Stables.

(FIRE PROOF),
**COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR STREETS.**

**Reasonable Charges for Hire. Particular Attention paid to Boarding Horses.**

OBSERVE PRICES IN THE HACK DEPARTMENT

Riding $1 00 per hour
Calling $1 00 first hour, 50c each additional hour
To boats 50 cents each passenger
Funerals $2 per Hack
To and from Balls and Parties, $1 50 a couple

Orders left at STABLE or FISHEL & ROBERTS promptly attended to at any hour.

People without means will be furnished Hacks free to funerals for the next thirty days.

# LAND FOR IMMIGRANTS.

# Choice Farms for Sale.

**4,000 ACRES, IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT PURCHASERS.**

230 ACRES DUE SOUTH AND ADJOINING the Railroad Depot at Salem, all under cultivation and suitable for grain or vegetables.

**940 ACRES** four miles southeast of Salem, on the railroad, with Mill creek running through it. This is the choicest farming land in Marion county, with fine springs, consisting in part of the old Rector donation claim, on which I raised the present year fifty bushels of wheat and three tons of timothy per acre. The first crop of oats ever raised on part of this land measured ninety four bushels per acre, grain weighed and ground chained by Mr Alfred Stanton, of Salem.

**2,700 ACRES** of prairie and light brush land, with timber for farming purposes, bounded by the Willamette river for four miles, beautiful lake on the east, boat landings all along the river, commencing four miles north of Salem—**all choice grain land**—the largest and most suitable body of land to be found in the Willamette valley to be purchased by a colony. To be sold from $15 to $25 per acre. This land will all be immediately resurveyed and can be sold in larger or smaller parcels to suit purchasers. It can be subdivided to the best possible advantage and I can offer any person or persons or colony of persons desiring to purchase homes in the best part of the Willamette valley, near the city of Salem and within reach of the best social advantages, as well as most favorably located with respect to markets, greater advantages on more favorable terms, than they ever expect to realize again.

THOMAS CROSS.

Salem Nov [illegible] 187[illegible]   n9d&w1m

### Ordinance No. 1737.

AN ORDINANCE LEVYING A SPECIAL TAX to provide for the expenses of the Fire Department.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. [illegible] Common Council of the city of Portland having [illegible] the expenses of the Fire Department [illegible] year 187[illegible] including the [illegible] salaries of officers [illegible] [illegible] cisterns [illegible] and cisterns repairs [illegible] Fire Department purposes, repairs to engines, fire apparatus and fire alarm telegraph, the purchase of hose and supplies and incidental expenses at the sum of twenty two thousand four hundred and thirty dollars and eighty [illegible] cents, a [illegible] tax of two and one half mills is hereby levied upon each and every dollar of taxable property within the city of Portland [illegible] [illegible] therefor.

Passed the Common Council February [illegible] 187[illegible]

W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk

Approved February [illegible]

J A CHAPMAN
Mayor

### Ordinance No. 173[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING A CONTRACT with [illegible] for [illegible] Printing [illegible]

The City of Portland does ordain as follows: [illegible]

Passed the Common Council [illegible]

W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk

Approved [illegible]

J A CHAPMAN
Mayor

## State Treasurer's Notice

TREASURER'S OFFICE
[illegible]

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE [illegible]

A H BROWN
[illegible]

### Morrison Street

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMMON [illegible] full width.

W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk

February 18 18[illegible]   fe18d10

## OCEAN STEAMERS.

# FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

### CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Steamer

**AJAX.**

FRED BOLLES   Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F street, for the above port

**THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1876,**
At [illegible] o'clock P M

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO W WEIDLER Agent.

# For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGLE and SITKA.

### CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO'S Steam Propeller

**CALIFORNIA,**

JOHN HAYES   Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F street, for the above ports,

**WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 1876,**
At [illegible] o'clock P M

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.

GEO W WEIDLER, Agent.

# PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

### FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
VIA TACOMA

THE FIRST CLASS IRON STEAMSHIP

**CITY OF PANAMA.**

Passengers for San Francisco via Victoria will leave Portland per Steamer "Emma Hayward" on **WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, AT 6 A. M.**

THROUGH FARE, from Portland to San Francisco
**Cabin** $25 00 | **Steerage** $14 00

Tickets for sale at Office **Oregon Steam Navigation Company,** corner Front and Ash streets, up stairs.

Through Tickets sold to China, Sandwich Islands, Australia, New Zealand, Panama and New York.

## RIVER STEAMERS.

# NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER JAN 31ST until further notice the Steamer E. N. COOKE will leave her dock, foot of F street, every day (Sundays excepted), at 2:30 P M for Oregon City.

Passengers for Dayton and intermediate points will take cars at Portland at 7 30, connecting at Canemah on Monday and Thursday of each week.

**Rates of Freight Greatly Reduced.**

All freights delivered in Portland free of drayage.

Freight forwarded to Astoria with dispatch.

J. D BILES, Agent.

### THE WILLAMETTE
# Transportation and Locks Co's

STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the Company's Wharf between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

**FOR DAYTON**—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 A. M.

**FOR ALBANY**—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

**FOR CORVALLIS and HARRISBURG**—Monday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.

### For Lightering and Towing of Vessels

Between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company, near corner of Front and Washington streets.

FRANK T DODGE Agent.

# Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s
### PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND **FOR DALLES** Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

**FOR KALAMA and TACOMA**—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A M

**FOR VICTORIA**—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A M.

**FOR SEATTLE**—Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 A M

**FOR ASTORIA**—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A.M.

**For Cathlamet, Bay View and Skomokaway**—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A.M.

**For Westport, Manhattan and Clifton**—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

**For KNAPPA**—Thursday at 6 A. M

J C AINSWORTH, President.

# "Ohio" and "City of Salem,"

OF THE INDEPENDENT LINE
Boat will leave Pacific Wharf on

**MONDAY & THURSDAY of EACH WEEK**

At 5 A M for

**CORVALLIS & INTERMEDIATE POINTS**

Freight received at the above Dock during all business hours.

# Portland & Vancouver Packet.

### THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. T GRAY, Master,

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM FOOT OF ALDER Street for Vancouver at 2 30 P M.
Returning leave Vancouver at 8 A M.
For freight or passage apply on board.
**Towing** done between 10 30 A M and 2 P M daily except Sundays.

### U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, DISTRICT of Oregon ss.—Whereas an order was made on the 8th day of February 1876 by the Hon Matthew P Deady, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, in a cause therein pending, wherein James Leech is libellant against the steamboat *Clatsop Chief,* that the said steamboat, her machinery, boats, tackle, apparel and furniture should be sold at public auction by the Marshal upon fifteen days notice of such sale and that the proceeds of such sale be remitted to the Clerk of said Court. Therefore I hereby give notice that in pursuance of such order I will on Saturday the 4th day of March A D 1876 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at the Pacific wharf, foot of Salmon street, in the city of Portland, county of Multnomah and said district aforesaid, proceed to sell the said steamboat *Clatsop Chief,* her machinery, boats, tackle, apparel and furniture at public auction to the highest bidder therefor for cash in hand in U S gold coin.

DANIEL J MALARKEY
U S Marshal District of Oregon

Portland Oregon Feb 1[illegible] 18[illegible]   feb1 [illegible]

### NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE [illegible] day of February A D 1876 a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of James B McCauley of Portland, in the county of Multnomah and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the office of H H Northup, Room No 8 in Dekum's building, Portland, in said District, before H H Northup, Register in Bankruptcy, on the [illegible] day of February A D 1876 at 10 o'clock A M

DANIEL J MALARKEY,
U S Marshal as Messenger

### Ordinance No. 1746.

AN ORDINANCE LEVYING A TAX FOR GENERAL Municipal purposes.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That a tax of four mills [illegible] is hereby levied upon each and every dollar of taxable property within the City of Portland, both real and personal, to provide for the ordinary expenses of the City government for the year 1876.

Passed the Common Council February [illegible] 18[illegible]

W S CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk

Approved February 18, 1876

J A CHAPMAN
Mayor

fe11d5t

SAN FRA[illegible]

**N. W. SPAULDI[illegible]**
**Saw-Smithing & [illegible]**
**ESTABLISHMENT,**
17 and 19 Fremont street [illegible] tween Front and [illegible]
SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W SPAULDING'S PATENT [illegible] Inserted in circular saws. REPAIRING in all its branches [illegible] ming Re Toothing, Straightening [illegible] CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes [illegible] Mulay, Gang, Buck, Butcher, [illegible] kinds together with a good [illegible] hours at lowest market rates. Cast Steel faced PLANER KNIVES [illegible] ING CUTTERS always on hand [illegible] short notice.

N B.—KNAPP, BURRELL & [illegible] mission Merchants, Portland, Oregon [illegible] authorized Agents for Oregon, [illegible] Orders sent through them by [illegible] wise filled at same rates as if [illegible]

**AGAIN VICTO[illegible]**

**For Best Billiards [illegible]**

AWARDED TO

**P. LIESEN[illegible]**

571 MARKET STREE[illegible]

Also the Highest Medal at the [illegible] bition of Sydney, Austr[illegible]

N B —I beg to call the attention [illegible] my highly improved Bevel [illegible] California Eliptic **Pool Ta[illegible] Monitors, Pigeon Holes, and [illegible]**

ja3dlm1p

**Alterati[illegible]**

**To Purify the Blood [illegible]**

**Alterative.** It acts [illegible] blood, stimulating [illegible] overcoming the obs[illegible] pores of the skin, [illegible] healthy glow to [illegible] Pimples, Pustules, [illegible] Diseases of all k[illegible] Affections, Tumors, [illegible] ties of complaints [illegible] praved or disordered [illegible] fectually eradicated [illegible]

**Scrofula in all its F[illegible]**

by the persistent use [illegible] **Alterative.** It destroy[illegible] ous principle which [illegible] fula, and ultimately [illegible] the system. It will [illegible] ments of the Glands [illegible] is a safe remedy in [illegible] or Sores of all kinds [illegible]

**Dropsy and Dropsical [illegible]**

effectually cured by [illegible] **tive.** By stimul[illegible] of the absorbents, all [illegible] careous depositions [illegible] carried off, toning up [illegible] the same time, by st[illegible] digestive organs and [illegible] Liver, Kidneys, &c, to [illegible] functions. For Dyspep[illegible] Complaint it has pro[illegible] and it has established cu[illegible] of Epilepsy. It may be [illegible] on by any one needing [illegible] to build up the system [illegible] blood, or to restore the [illegible] of the Secretive Organ[illegible]

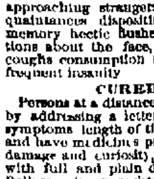
T. A DAVIS & CO, Wholesal[illegible] Oregon

**YOUNG [illegible]**

Who may be suffering from the [illegible] ful follies or indiscretion, will [illegible] themselves of this, the greatest [illegible] at the altar of suffering hum[illegible] NEY will guarantee to for[illegible] case of seminal weakness, or [illegible] any kind or character which [illegible] and fails to cure. He would [illegible] the unfortunate sufferer who [illegible] tice, that you are treading [illegible] ground when you longer del[illegible] proper remedy for your com[illegible] be in the first stage; rem[illegible] proaching the last. If you are [illegible] the last and are suffering [illegible] fects, remember that if you [illegible] nation, the time must come [illegible] skillful physician can render [illegible] when the door of hope will be [illegible] you when no angel of mercy [illegible] lief. In no case has the [illegible] cess. Then let not despair [illegible] imagination but avail yourself [illegible] results of his treatment before [illegible] yond the reach of medical s[illegible] death hurries you to a pre[illegible] course of treatment $25.00 [illegible] Post Office order or Express [illegible] tion of the case. Call, or add[illegible]

DR. A. [illegible]
No 11 Kearny St[illegible]

**To the Unfor[illegible]**



DR. [illegible]
DISPE[illegible]
623 K[illegible]

Established [illegible] ment of Sex[illegible] seases, such [illegible] Stricture [illegible] Seminal W[illegible] Skin Disease [illegible] cured or no [illegible]

**SEMINAL WEAK[illegible]**

Seminal Emissions, the con[illegible] This solitary vice or depraved [illegible] practiced by the youth of both [illegible] unlimited extent, producing with [illegible] ty the following train of morbid [illegible] combatted by scientific medical [illegible] low countenance, dark spots under [illegible] the head, ringing in the ears, noise [illegible] of leaves and rattling of chariots, [illegible] the loins, weakness of the limbs, [illegible] blunted intellect, loss of confidence [illegible] approaching strangers, a dislike to [illegible] quaintances, disposition to shun [illegible] memory, hectic flushes, pimples and [illegible] tions about the face, furred [illegible] coughs, consumption, night sweats [illegible] frequent insanity.

**CURED AT HOME.**

Persons at a distance may be CURED [illegible] by addressing a letter to Dr Gibbon [illegible] symptoms, length of time the disease [illegible] and have medicines promptly for[illegible] damage and curiosity, to any part of [illegible] with full and plain directions. [illegible] Dollars coin in registered letter [illegible] office or through Wells Fargo & Co [illegible] medicine will be forwarded to [illegible] Union. Address

DR. J F [illegible]
Box 1,957 Sa[illegible]

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**MARRIAGE**
**GUIDE.**

[illegible]

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VOL. XVI—NO. [illegible]

## EASTERN NEW[illegible]

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIA[illegible]]

### Specie Shipments.

NEW YORK, Feb 24—Specie shipment[illegible] to-day amount to $500 000 gold coin.

### Sleeping Car on Fire.

MEMPHIS, Feb 24—About 3 o'clock thi[illegible] sleeping car of the train from Louisvi[illegible] covered to be on fire. Before the trai[illegible] stopped the flames gained such headwa[illegible] passengers barely escaped, leaving cloth[illegible] baggage behind, which with the car w[illegible] consumed. Many passengers, includi[illegible] ladies, arrived here *en dishabille.*

### Fire in Davenport.

DAVENPORT, Iowa, Feb 24—A fire occ[illegible] morning in the hall [illegible] block, Third [illegible] streets, destroying a whole block, with [illegible] Loss about $70,000. Supposed to have [illegible] back of the stage in the halls.

### Fire at Greenbush.

ALBANY, Feb 25—The main buildin[illegible] [illegible] Bros' packing house at Greenbu[illegible] last night. Loss about $25 000. Insured.

### Accident in Trapeze Perform[illegible]

NEW YORK, Feb 25—While the Hanl[illegible] and Violetta, the wife of one of them, [illegible] through a trapeze performance at the P[illegible] Brooklyn last night, the brothers fell t[illegible] teen feet and one of them was prob[illegible] injured.

### Mexican Border Commiss[illegible]

CHICAGO, Feb 25—The *Tribune's* speci[illegible] Mexican border commission, at a meet[illegible] expects to determine on the points of it[illegible] agree on the report and to agree upon [illegible] recommendations it will make to the House [illegible] has been chiefly due to the failure of th[illegible] Senate to transfer to the committee [illegible] papers on file in the department and [illegible] committee desired to examine. These c[illegible] mainly of the reports of United States co[illegible] committee will probably recommend [illegible] the Secretary of War to send to the [illegible] southern sufficient force to at least o[illegible] Mexican raiders.

### Important Business Failu[illegible]

BOSTON, Feb 23—Elijah Shaw of W[illegible] of five woolen mills employing 275 hand[illegible] liabilities are $500,000.

### Babcock.

ST. LOUIS, Feb 24—Ever since Gen [illegible] discharge from the court, his hotel has b[illegible] with the most prominent citizens of [illegible] extend their congratulations on the r[illegible] About 9 o'clock this evening th[illegible] arsenal, accompanied by a band [illegible] general a serenade. Col Hatch made a [illegible] which he congratulated Babcock a[illegible] verdict was another evidence of the cl[illegible] up between the North and South and [illegible] of peace and fraternal feelings, an[illegible] band to play Dixie, which was do[illegible] Gen Babcock was then loudly cal[illegible] responded in about the following words[illegible] of St Louis—I thank you for all [illegible] of kindness towards me. My hea[illegible] me to make a speech to you to-nig[illegible] do so under other circumstanc[illegible] thank you all most deeply." He then [illegible] stors, who made a few remarks.

### Homicidal Husband.

CHARLESTON, Md, Feb 25—Thos H[illegible] yesterday killed his wife and w[illegible] in-law.

### Steamer Ashore.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb 25—The steams[illegible] for Liverpool, went ashore nea[illegible] Delaware.

### Fire.

PROVIDENCE, R I, Feb 25—Perkin[illegible] company's works were burned this mor[illegible] [illegible],000, insurance $28 000.

### Gov. Ames to be Impeach[illegible]

MEMPHIS, Feb 25—The *Appeal's* Jac[illegible] special says the House spent the entire [illegible] in considering the report of the i[illegible] committee. At the time the special w[illegible] night, the vote had not been reached. [illegible] the committee is quite lengthy, and r[illegible] that Gov Ames be impeached and re[illegible] office for official misconduct on eleven s[illegible] distinct charges, which are specified, c[illegible] his failure to remove certain officials, [illegible] removal of others without cause; for ca[illegible] [illegible] at Vicksburg in Crosby's case; for [illegible] U. S. troops and having them eject th[illegible] Warren county from his office, in violat[illegible] attempting to incite a war of races [illegible] the colored militia, and causing them t[illegible] parade the streets of Clinton.

### Fire and Lo[illegible] of Life.

CHICAGO, Feb 25—A fire at Lemars [illegible] Wednesday destroyed a large buildin[illegible] four families. A woman and thre[illegible] were buried in the ruins, and when [illegible] turned to a cinder. The husband is no[illegible] [illegible]

### Railway Gauge to be Chan[illegible]

NEW YORK, Feb 25—The Delaware, [illegible] and Western railroad is to be changed [illegible] narrow gauge.

### Arrested on a Charge of For[illegible]

BOSTON, Feb 25—Jno N Pierce, forme[illegible] the Merchants National Bank of [illegible] lately acquitted of a charge of embezzle[illegible] to-day arrested on a charge of forgery a[illegible]

### Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, Feb 25—Gold closed at 11[illegible] Governments active and steady; stocks [illegible] Western Union, 72¾, Quicks[illegible] Pacific Mail 31¾, Mariposa 8¼, Wells, [illegible] New York Central 115½, Erie, 17⅝, P[illegible] Union Pacific 68½, do bonds, 105¼, Cen[illegible] bonds, 108½.

### Motion for a New Trial in the Mc[illegible]

ST LOUIS, Feb 25—In the United St[illegible] court to-day Col Hatch, counsel for M[illegible] an affidavit in support of a motion for [illegible] some editorials from the *Republican,* [illegible] claimed, have served to prejudice the c[illegible] the defendant, were also filed. The affi[illegible] tioned is by Watson Foster, of Pike co[illegible] court, who charges H F Summers, a j[illegible] McKee trial, with having been prej[illegible] with having stated previous to the trial [illegible] believed McKee guilty and that he was [illegible] [illegible] in the puddle. The court ordered [illegible] defendant have leave until the 5th of M[illegible] additional affidavits, the prosecution [illegible] days thereafter to answer the same, [illegible] defendant until the 20th to file te[illegible] rebuttal.

### Off for the Black Hills.

LOUISVILLE, Feb 25—A number of [illegible] starting here to go to the Black Hills. T[illegible] tions are that a large crowd will soon [illegible] leave.

### WASHINGTON CITY.

### Land Scrip for the Oregon Cent[illegible] tary Road Co.

WASHINGTON, Feb 24—The House p[illegible] committee to-day agreed to recommend [illegible] Lane's bill providing for the issue of [illegible] acres of land scrip to indemnify th[illegible] the Oregon Military Wagon Road [illegible] were occupied as part of the Klamath In[illegible] tion. The scrip is to be locatable o[illegible] served lands of the United States.

WASHINGTON, Feb 24—Sherman's fina[illegible] as follows: That the acts to authorize t[illegible] of the national debt approved July [illegible] and Jan [illegible] be so amended that t[illegible] of bonds bearing 4½ per cent interest [illegible] be issued be increased to $800 000 000 [illegible] be payable at the pleasure of the [illegible] after 30 years from the date of their iss[illegible] after [illegible] years.

Second. This act shall not be construe[illegible] [illegible] any increase of the total amount of [illegible] vided for the acts to which this act is [illegible] [illegible] and all pr[illegible] acts to which this act is amendatory no[illegible] with the provisions of this act are h[illegible] continued in force and effect.

### Land Bills

WASHINGTON, Feb 24—[illegible]

### Report Contradicted.

[illegible]

### Bills Introduced

[illegible]